Real Property, Probate and Trust Law Section Executive Council Meeting JW Marriott Marco Island

Pursuant to Article VII, Section 4 of the Bylaws of the Section, Executive Council members may participate electronically and vote using polling feature on Zoom.

June 5, 2021 10:00 am

Agenda

- I. Presiding William T. Hennessey, III, Chair
- II. Secretary's Report Jon Scuderi, Secretary
 - 1. Motion to approve the minutes of the April 25, 2021 meeting of the Executive Council held at the Hammock Beach Golf Resort & Spa in Palm Coast pp. 8-12
 - 2. Meeting Attendance pp. 13-25
- IV. <u>Chair's Report</u> William T. Hennessey, III, Chair
 - 1. Thank you to our Sponsors **pp. 26-28**
 - 2. Introduction and comments from Sponsors
 - Milestones
 - 4. General Comments of the Chair
- V. <u>Liaison with Board of Governors Report</u> Steven W. Davis
- VI. Chair-Elect's Report Robert S. Swaine, Chair-Elect
 - 1. 2021-2022 Executive Council meetings p. 29
 - 2. 2021-2022 Committee Leadership for the Real Property Division, Probate and Trust Law Division and General Standing Committees **pp. 30-40**
- VII. Treasurer's Report Steven H. Mezer, Treasurer
 - 1. Statement of Current Financial Conditions p. 41
- VIII. Director of At-Large Members Report Lawrence Jay Miller, Director

- IX. <u>CLE Seminar Coordination Report</u> Wilhelmina F. Kightlinger (Real Property) and Sancha Brennan (Probate & Trust), Co-Chairs
 - 1. Upcoming CLE programs and opportunities **p. 42**
- X. <u>Legislation Committee</u> Wm. Cary Wright and John C. Moran, Co-Chairs
- XI. <u>General Standing Division Report</u> Robert S. Swaine, General Standing Division Director and Chair-Elect

Information Items:

1. Liaison with Clerks of the Court – Laird A. Lile

Updates on matters of interest

XII. Real Property Law Division Report — S. Katherine Frazier, Division Director

Action Items:

1. Real Property Finance & Lending Committee – Richard S. McIver, Chair

Motion to: (A) adopt as a Section legislative position support for legislation expanding the applicability of Section 697.07 (Assignment of Rents) and Section 702.10 (Order to Make Payments During Foreclosure) to third parties who acquire properties subject to a mortgage; (B) find that such legislative position is within the purview of the RPPTL Section; and (C) expend Section funds in support of the proposed legislative position. **pp. 43-64**

2. Condominium and Planned Development Committee – William P. Sklar and Joseph E. Adams, Co-Chairs

Motion to (A) adopt as a Section legislative position support for legislation amending Section 718.113 and Section 718.115 to clarify and enhance the ability of condominium associations and condominium unit owners to use hurricane shutters and other types of hurricane protection to protect condominium property, association property and the personal property of unit owners, and to reduce insurance costs for condominium association and unit owners; (B) find that such legislative position is within the purview of the RPPTL Section; and (C) expend Section funds in support of the proposed legislative position. **pp. 65-85**

XIII. Probate and Trust Law Division Report — Sarah Butters, Division Director

Information Item:

1. Probate Law Committee – Travis Hayes, Chair

Motion to (A) support proposed amendments to section 733.705(5) (Payment of and objection to claims) to codify existing case law such that the requirement to bring an independent action is satisfied if, within 30 days of the filing of an objection to the claim: a motion to substitute the fiduciary is filed in the pending action; an order substituting the fiduciary is entered in the pending action; such other procedure as may exist is initiated to substitute the fiduciary in the pending action; or the timely filing of an arbitration is made when the decedent has entered into an agreement during lifetime which provides for mandatory arbitration relating to the claim, or arbitration is required by the decedent's will or trust; (B) find that such legislative position is within the purview of the RPPTL Section; and (C) expend Section funds in support of the proposed legislative position. **pp. 86-93**

XIV. <u>Probate and Trust Law Division Committee Reports</u> — Sarah Butters, Division Director

- **1. Ad Hoc ART Committee** Alyse Reiser Comiter, Chair; Jack A. Falk and Sean M. Lebowitz, Co- Vice Chairs
- **1.** Ad Hoc Committee on Electronic Wills Angela McClendon Adams, Chair; Frederick "Ricky" Hearn and Jenna G. Rubin, Co-Vice Chairs
- **2.** Ad Hoc Florida Business Corporation Act Task Force Travis Hayes and Brian C. Sparks, Co-Chairs
- 3. Ad Hoc Guardianship Law Revision Committee Nicklaus J. Curley, Stacey B. Rubel and David C. Brennan, Co-Chairs; Sancha Brennan, Vice Chair
- 4. Ad Hoc Study Committee on Estate Planning Conflict of Interest William T. Hennessey, III, Chair; Paul Edward Roman, Vice-Chair
- 5. Ad Hoc Study Committee on Due Process, Jurisdiction & Service of Process — Barry F. Spivey, Chair; Sean W. Kelley and Christopher Q. Wintter, Co-Vice Chairs
- 6. Ad Hoc Study Committee on Professional Fiduciary Licensing Angela McClendon Adams, Chair; Yoshimi Smith, Vice Chair
- **8. Asset Protection** Brian M. Malec, Chair; Richard R. Gans and Michael A. Sneeringer, Co-Vice-Chairs
- 9. Attorney/Trust Officer Liaison Conference Tattiana Patricia Brenes-Stahl and Cady L. Huss, Co-Chairs; Tae Kelley Bronner, Stacey L. Cole (Corporate Fiduciary), Patrick C. Emans, Gail G. Fagan, Mitchell A. Hipsman and Eammon W. Gunther, Co-Vice Chairs
- **10**. **Charitable Planning and Exempt Organizations Committee** Seth Kaplan, Chair and Jason E. Havens and Denise S. Cazobon, Co-Vice-Chairs

- **11. Elective Share Review Committee** Jenna G. Rubin, Chair; Cristina Papanikos and Lauren Y. Detzel, Co-Vice-Chairs
- **12. Estate and Trust Tax Planning** Robert L. Lancaster, Chair; Richard N. Sherrill and Yoshimi O. Smith, Co-Vice Chairs
- **13.** Guardianship, Power of Attorney and Advanced Directives Nicklaus Joseph Curley, Chair; Brandon D. Bellew, Elizabeth M. Hughes, and Stacy B. Rubel, Co-Vice Chairs
- **14**. **IRA, Insurance and Employee Benefits** L. Howard Payne and Alfred J. Stashis, Co-Chairs; Charles W. Callahan, III and Rachel B. Oliver, Co-Vice-Chairs
- **15**. **Liaisons with ACTEC** Elaine M. Bucher, Tami F. Conetta, Thomas M. Karr, Shane Kelley, Charles I. Nash, Bruce M. Stone, and Diana S.C. Zeydel
- **16.** Liaisons with Elder Law Section Travis Finchum and Marjorie E. Wolasky
- **17.** Liaisons with Tax Section Lauren Y. Detzel, William R. Lane, Jr., and Brian C. Sparks
- **18. Principal and Income** Edward F. Koren and Pamela O. Price, Co-Chairs, Joloyon D. Acosta and Keith B. Braun, Co-Vice Chairs
- **19. Probate and Trust Litigation** J. Richard Caskey, Chair; Angela M. Adams, James R. George and R. Lee McElroy, IV, Co-Vice Chairs
- **20**. **Probate Law and Procedure** M. Travis Hayes, Chair; Benjamin F. Diamond, Robert Lee McElroy IV, Christina Papanikos and Theodore S. Kypreos, Co-Vice Chairs
- **21. Trust Law** Matthew H. Triggs, Chair; Jennifer J. Robinson, David J. Akins, Jenna G. Rubin, and Mary E. Karr, Co-Vice Chairs
- **22.** Wills, Trusts and Estates Certification Review Course Jeffrey S. Goethe, Chair; J. Allison Archbold, Rachel A. Lunsford, and Jerome L. Wolf, Co-Vice Chairs
- XV. Real Property Law Division Committee Reports S. Katherine Frazier, Division Director
 - **1. Attorney Banker Conference** E. Ashley McRae, Chair; Kristopher E. Fernandez, Salome J. Zikakis, and R. James Robbins, Jr., Co-Vice Chairs
 - **2. Commercial Real Estate** Jennifer J. Bloodworth, Chair; Eleanor W. Taft, E. Ashley McRae, and Martin A. Schwartz, Co-Vice Chairs
 - **3.** Condominium and Planned Development William P. Sklar and Joseph E. Adams, Co-Chairs; Shawn G. Brown and Sandra E. Krumbein, Co-Vice Chairs
 - 4. Condominium and Planned Development Law Certification Review Course Jane L. Cornett, Chair; Christene M. Ertl, Vice Chair
 - **5. Construction Law** Reese J. Henderson, Jr., Chair; Sanjay Kurian and Bruce B. Partington, Co-Vice Chairs
 - **6. Construction Law Certification Review Course** Melinda S. Gentile and Elizabeth B. Ferguson Co-Chairs; Gregg E. Hutt and Scott P. Pence, Co-Vice Chairs

- 7. Construction Law Institute Jason J. Quintero, Chair; Deborah B. Mastin and Brad R. Weiss, Co-Vice Chairs
- **8. Development & Land Use Planning** Julia L. Jennison and Colleen C. Sachs, Co-Chairs; Jin Liu and Lisa B. Van Dien, Co-Vice Chairs
- **9. Insurance & Surety** Michael G. Meyer, Chair; Katherine L. Heckert and Mariela M. Malfeld, Co-Vice Chairs
- **10. Liaisons with FLTA** Alan K. McCall and Melissa Jay Murphy, Co-Chairs; Alan B. Fields and James C. Russick, Co-Vice Chairs
- **11.** Real Estate Certification Review Course Manuel Farach, Chair; Lynwood F. Arnold, Jr., Martin S. Awerbach, Lloyd Granet, Brian W. Hoffman and Laura M. Licastro, Co-Vice Chairs
- **12. Real Estate Leasing** Brenda B. Ezell, Chair; Kristen K. Jaiven and Christopher A. Sajdera, Co-Vice Chairs
- **13. Real Property Finance & Lending** Richard S. McIver, Chair; Deborah B. Boyd and Jason M. Ellison, Co-Vice Chairs
- **14. Real Property Litigation** Michael V. Hargett, Chair; Amber E. Ashton, Manuel Farach and Christopher W. Smart, Co-Vice Chairs
- **15. Real Property Problems Study** Lee A. Weintraub, Chair; Anne Q. Pollack Susan K. Spurgeon and Adele I. Stone, Co-Vice Chairs
- **16.** Residential Real Estate and Industry Liaison Nicole M. Villarroel, Chair; Louis E. "Trey" Goldman, and James A. Marx, Co-Vice Chairs
- **17. Title Insurance and Title Insurance Liaison** Brian W. Hoffman, Chair; Mark A. Brown, Jeremy T. Cranford, Leonard F. Prescott, IV and Cynthia A. Riddell, Co-Vice Chairs
- **18. Title Issues and Standards** Rebecca L.A. Wood, Chair; Robert M. Graham, Brian W. Hoffman and Karla J. Staker, Co-Vice Chairs
- XVI. <u>General Standing Division Committee Reports</u> Robert S. Swaine, General Standing Division Director and Chair-Elect
 - **1.** Ad Hoc Florida Bar Leadership Academy Kristopher E. Fernandez and J. Allison Archbold, Co-Chairs; Bridget Friedman, Vice Chair
 - **2.** Ad Hoc Remote Notarization E. Burt Bruton, Jr., Chair
 - **3. Amicus Coordination** Kenneth B. Bell, Gerald B. Cope, Jr., Robert W. Goldman and John W. Little, III, Co-Chairs
 - **4. Budget** Steven H. Mezer, Chair; Tae Kelley Bronner. Linda S. Griffin, and Pamela O. Price, Co-Vice Chairs
 - **5. CLE Seminar Coordination** Wilhelmina F. Kightlinger and Sancha Brennan, Co-Chairs; Alexander H. Hamrick, Hardy L. Roberts, III, Paul E. Roman (Ethics), Silvia B. Rojas, and Stacy O. Kalmanson, Co-Vice Chairs
 - **6. Convention Coordination** Laura K. Sundberg, Chair; S. Dresden Brunner, Marsha G. Madorsky, and Alexander H. Hamrick, Co-Vice Chairs
 - 7. Disaster and Emergency Preparedness and Response Brian C. Sparks, Chair; Jerry E. Aron, Benjamin Frank Diamond and Colleen Coffield Sachs, Co-Vice Chairs
 - **8. Fellows** Christopher A. Sajdera, Chair; J, Christopher Barr, Joshua Rosenberg and Angela K. Santos, Co-Vice Chairs

- 9. Florida Electronic Filing & Service Rohan Kelley, Chair
- **10. Homestead Issues Study** Jeffrey S. Goethe, Chair; Amy B. Beller, Michael J. Gelfand, Melissa Murphy and Charles Nash, Co-Vice Chairs
- **11.** Information Technology & Communication Neil Barry Shoter, Chair; Erin H. Christy, Alexander B. Dobrev, Jesse B. Friedman, Hardy L. Roberts, III, and Michael A. Sneeringer, Co-Vice Chairs
- **12.** Law School Mentoring & Programing Johnathan Butler, Chair; Phillip A. Baumann, Guy Storms Emerich, Kymberlee Curry Smith and Kristine L. Tucker, Co-Vice Chairs
- **13.** Legislation John C. Moran (Probate & Trust) and Wm. Cary Wright (Real Property), Co-Chairs; Theodore S. Kypreos and Robert Lee McElroy, IV (Probate & Trust), Manuel Farach and Arthur J. Menor (Real Property), Co-Vice Chairs
- **14.** Legislative Update (2020-2021) Brenda Ezell, Chair; Theodore Stanley Kypreos, Gutman Skrande, Jennifer S. Tobin, Kit van Pelt and Salome J. Zikakis, Co-Vice Chairs
- **15.** Legislative Update (2021-2022) Brenda Ezell, Chair; Theodore Stanley Kypreos, Gutman Skrande, Jennifer S. Tobin, Kit van Pelt and Salome J. Zikakis, Co-Vice Chairs
- 16. Liaison with:
 - **a.** American Bar Association (ABA) Robert S. Freedman, Edward F. Koren, George J. Meyer and Julius J. Zschau
 - b. Clerks of Circuit Court Laird A. Lile
 - c. FLEA / FLSSI David C. Brennan and Roland D. "Chip" Waller
 - florida Bankers Association Mark T. Middlebrook and Robert Stern
 - e. Judiciary —Judge Mary Hatcher, Judge Hugh D. Hayes, Judge Margaret Hudson, Judge Celeste Hardee Muir, Judge Bryan Rendzio, Judge Mark A. Speiser, Judge Jessica Jacqueline Ticktin; and Judge Michael Rudisill
 - **f.** Out of State Members Nicole Kibert Basler, John E. Fitzgerald, Jr., and Michael P. Stafford
 - g. TFB Board of Governors Steven W. Davis
 - h. TFB Business Law Section Gwynne A. Young and Manuel Farach
 - i. TFB CLE Committee Wilhelmina F. Kightlinger
 - j. TFB Council of Sections William T. Hennessey, III and Robert S. Swaine
 - **k. TFB Diversity & Inclusion** Erin H. Christy
 - I. TFB Pro Bono Legal Services- Lorna E. Brown-Burton
- **17.** Long-Range Planning Robert S. Swaine, Chair
- **18. Meetings Planning** George J. Meyer, Chair
- **19. Membership and Inclusion** Annabella Barboza and S. Dresden Brunner, Co-Chairs; Erin H. Christy, Vinette D. Godelia, Jennifer L. Grosso and Roger A. Larson, Co-Vice Chairs

- **20. Model and Uniform Acts** Patrick J. Duffey and Richard W. Taylor, Co-Chairs; Adele I. Stone and Benjamin Diamond, Co-Vice Chair
- **21. Professionalism and Ethics** Andrew B. Sasso, Chair; Elizabeth A. Bowers, Alexander B. Dobrev, and Laura Sundberg, Co-Vice Chairs
- **22.** Publications (ActionLine) Jeffrey Alan Baskies and Michael A. Bedke, Co-Chairs (Editors in Chief); Richard D. Eckhard, Jason M. Ellison, George D. Karibjanian, Keith S. Kromash, Daniel L. McDermott, Jeanette Moffa, Paul E. Roman, Daniel Siegel, Lee Weintraub, Co-Vice Chairs
- 23. Publications (Florida Bar Journal) Jeffrey S. Goethe (Probate & Trust) and Douglas G. Christy (Real Property), Co-Chairs; J. Allison Archbold (Editorial Board Probate & Trust), Homer Duvall, III (Editorial Board Real Property), Marty J. Solomon (Editorial Board Real Property), and Brian Sparks (Editorial Board Probate & Trust), Co-Vice Chairs
- **24. Sponsor Coordination** J. Eric Virgil, Chair; Patrick C. Emans, Marsha G. Madorsky, Jason J. Quintero, J. Michael Swaine, and Arlene C. Udick, Co-Vice Chairs
- **25. Strategic Planning** —William T. Hennessey, III and Robert Swaine, Co-Chairs
- **26. Strategic Planning Implementation** Michael J. Gelfand, Chair; Michael A. Dribin, Deborah Packer Goodall, Andrew M. O'Malley and Margaret A. "Peggy" Rolando, Co-Vice Chairs

XVII. Adjourn: Motion to Adjourn.

ACTIVE:13325737.1

Real Property, Probate and Trust Law Section Executive Council Meeting Hammock Beach Golf Resort and Spa

Minutes April 24, 2021 10:00 am

Agenda

I. <u>Presiding</u> — William T. Hennessey, III, Chair

The Chair convened the meeting at 10:02 a.m.

II. <u>Secretary's Report</u> — Jon Scuderi, Secretary

Motion was made to approve the minutes of the December 5, 2020 meeting of the Executive Council held at the Yacht and Beach Club Resort in Orlando. The motion passed.

- III. Chair's Report William T. Hennessey, III, Chair
 - 1. The Chair recognized and thanked our sponsors.
 - 2. The Chair walked the attendees through the meeting app, including the tools available to sponsors.
 - **3.** The Chair introduced Stewart Title. Lindsey spoke on behalf of Stewart Title.
 - 4. Recognition of Guests: The Chair introduced guests Scott Westheimer and Lorna Brown Burton who both spoke. They are running for President-Elect of the Florida Bar.
 - 5. The Chair announced the Executive Council milestones.
 - **6.** The Chair reported on the interim actions taken by the Executive Committee.
 - a. The Executive Committee approved the final draft of the *Hayslip v. U.S. Home Corp*. Amicus brief, including the addition of a footnote that the certified question and the DCA opinion do not address equitable servitudes and the Section was limiting its legal analysis to controlling Florida law on real covenants versus personal covenants.

- b. The Executive Committee approved a response to The Florida Bar's Professionalism & Ethics Committee concerning an inquiry involving the obligations of a court-appointed attorney that is unable to communicate with the client. The response included a proposed letter from the Section, the Section's Professionalism and Ethics Committee report, and comments from the Section Guardianship Committee and the Elder Law Section.
- c. The Executive Committee approved providing a scholarship to Michael Matthew Rubenstein to attend the Florida Bar Leadership Academy in the event Michael is accepted to the Academy.
- **d.** The Executive Committee approved a one-time general donation of \$1,000.00 to sponsor the Professional Fiduciary Council of Florida's educational program.
- e. The Executive Committee determined there was no conflict between the current Section position prohibiting a waiver of subrogation and the current language in SB630 and HB867 ("condo bill") and determined that our legislative consultants could indicate that the Section supports the condo bill.
- f. The Executive Committee approved a new Section position that would allow the Section to support the proposed amendment to HB 625, concerning personal representative and trustee attorney fees, by retaining the presumed reasonable sliding scale fee for attorneys representing personal representatives and trustees.
- **6.** 2020-2021 Executive Council meetings The Chair discussed the upcoming Marco Island hybrid meeting.
- 7. General Comments of the Chair The Chair thanked everyone for their patience and hard work.

IV. <u>Liaison with Board of Governors Report</u> — Steven W. Davis

Steve Davis gave his report. The BOG is hard at work adjusting to COVID. He discussed the annual convention (hybrid) in June. Important items concern the delivery of legal services, including ownership of law firms and streamlining the advertising rules. The SC amended the rules and will not allow CLE credit for programs that require quotas.

V. Chair-Elect's Report — Robert S. Swaine, Chair-Elect

2021-2022 Executive Council meetings – The Chair-Elect discussed the meetings for the next year and thanked Mary Ann for her help.

VI. <u>Treasurer's Report</u> — Steven H. Mezer, Treasurer

Statement of Current Financial Condition – The Section is tracking to budget. Timing (later meeting – delayed expenses) and CLE success have impacted bottom line.

VII. <u>Director of At-Large Members Report</u> — Lawrence Jay Miller, Director

Larry Miller updated the EC on the new lead ALMs for some of the circuits. He recognized and thanked those new lead ALMs. The ALMs have been working with the voluntary bar associations and participating in our own Section projects (FACE and No Place Like Home). The Chair recognized Larry for his hard work.

VIII. <u>CLE Seminar Coordination Report</u> — Wilhelmina F. Kightlinger (Real Property) and Sancha Brennan (Probate & Trust), Co-Chairs

Sancha Brennan thanked those who have supported CLE and discussed what the committee will be trying to improve going forward. Sancha referenced the list of upcoming CLE programs located in the Agenda, including the upcoming CLI program. The Chair recognized the exceptional work of the Co-Chairs.

The Chair recognized Melissa Murphy of The Fund, a long-time sponsor. Melissa discussed their relationship with the Section and discussed their upcoming program, Fund Assembly Online. A short video was played.

IX. <u>Legislation Committee</u> – Wm. Cary Wright and John C. Moran, Co-Chairs

John Moran and Cary Wright gave the committee's report and discussed the status of bills. They thanked those who have helped the legislation committee.

The Chair recognized sponsor Management Planning, Inc.

X. <u>General Standing Division Report</u> — Robert S. Swaine, General Standing Division Director and Chair-Elect

Action Items:

1. Fellows – Christopher A. Sajdera, Chair

The RPPTL Fellows is a two-year program that encourages the involvement of attorneys from diverse backgrounds that are traditionally underrepresented in the law and the Section. One of the main benefits of the Fellows program is the dialogue and professional relationship development that occurs during the activities of the in-person meetings. Fellows are each allocated \$2,500 per year to defray the costs of attendance at the in-state meetings. The threat of COVID has obviously hampered the Fellows' inperson attendance and the Fellows Committee believes that the already allocated but unused portions of each Fellow's allotted stipend for the bar year of 2020-2021 should be allowed to "roll over" so the funds for the four second year Fellows would "roll over" to 2021-2022 and the funds for the four first year Fellows would "roll over" to 2022-2023.

This allows the Fellows the ability to use these funds that have already been earmarked for that use and on the same reimbursement format currently in place.

The committee made a motion to approve the "roll over" of any unused funds from the Fellows allocations in the 2020-2021 Bar year to 2021-2022 for the current second year Fellows and to 2022-2023 for the current first year Fellows.

The motion passed.

The Chair introduced the in-person Fellows and Chris recognized the virtual Fellows. The Fellows in attendance introduced and talked about themselves, including their involvement with the Section.

Information Items:

1. Liaison with Clerks of the Court – Laird A. Lile

Laird Lile provided an updates on matters of interest, including ALMs' work on homestead proceedings, probate checklists, changes to the affidavits.

Laird also discussed the interface (Florida Virtual Courtroom) to allow one to log into any court in Florida and observe the proceedings. The Judicial Management Council is sending a survey. Laird encouraged people to respond. Laird also discussed the SC's CLE changes, which should not affect the Section.

2. Membership and Inclusion - S. Dresden Brunner and Annabella Barboza, Co-Chairs

Dresden Brunner gave the committee's report. The Membership and Inclusion committee has drafted a proposed RPPTL Code of Conduct that would be applicable to all participants of any Section activity. Dresden discussed the proposed code and how missteps would be handled. The Chair, Chair-Elect, and others made comments/asked questions. Members were requested to provide comments to Dresden for further discussion.

3. Professionalism and Ethics – Andrew B. Sasso, *Chair*

Andrew Sasso recognized the good work items the Section has done on remote work and representing a ward. Andrew discussed the concept of Ethics Podcasts on "Overlooked and Misunderstood Ethical Issues". Yoshimi Smith introduced and played the first podcast by Elizabeth Tarbert (Ethics Counsel of the Florida Bar) on differences between retainer, flat fee, and advanced fees for trust accounting purposes.

The Chair recognized general sponsor JP Morgan. Carlos Batlle spoke and thanked the Section.

XI. Real Property Law Division Report — S. Katherine Frazier, Division Director

Katherine Frazier recognized the RP division's sponsors.

Action Item:

1. Real Estate Leasing Committee - Brenda B. Ezell, Chair

Michelle Hinden and Kristin Javien presented the committee's action item. The committee moved to approve the proposed updates to the following Supreme Court of Florida approved forms: (A) Residential Lease for Apartment or Unit in Multi-Family Rental Housing (Other than a Duplex) including a Mobile Home, Condominium, or Cooperative; and (B) Residential Lease for Single Family Home or Duplex.

The motion passed.

Information Item:

2. Condominium and Planned Development Committee – William P. Sklar and Joseph E. Adams, Co-Chairs

Joe Adams discussed the committee's information item that concerns the consideration of legislation amending Section 718.113 and Section 718.115 to clarify and enhance the ability of condominium associations and condominium unit owners to use hurricane shutters and other types of hurricane protection to protect condominium property, association property and the person property of unit owners, and to reduce insurance costs for condominium association and unit owners.

The Chair recognized Jim Russick of Old Republic Title.

XII. Probate and Trust Law Division Report — Sarah Butters, Division Director

Sarah Butters gave general comments and recognized the division sponsors.

The Chair called the Liaison with Florida Bar Pro Bono Legal Services, Lorna E. Brown-Burton, who provided on update on the FL Bar Pro Bono Legal Service's work.

The Chair recognized Mary Ann for her service, thanked her and wished her a Happy Birthday.

XIII. Adjourn: The Chair adjourned the meeting at 12:18 p.m.

Jon Scuderi, Secretary
ACTIVE:13315648.1

ATTENDANCE ROSTER

REAL PROPERTY PROBATE & TRUST LAW SECTION EXECUTIVE COUNCIL MEETINGS 2020-2021

	Div	vision	August 22	October 3	December 5	April	June 5
Executive Committee	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	Jackson Hole, WY	Orlando	Palm Coast	Marco Island
Freedman, Robert S. Immediate Past Chair	1		√	,	√	V	
Hennessey, William Chair		V	√	1	V	√	
Kightlinger, Wilhelmina F. CLE Co-Chair Real Property	1		√		√	V	
Swaine, Robert S. Chair-Elect & General Standing Div. Director	1		V	√	V	V	
Butters, Sarah S. Probate & Trust Law Div. Director		V	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	V	
Wright, Wm. Cary Legislative Co-Chair Real Property	√		V	V	√	√	
Frazier, S. Katherine Real Property Law Div. Director	1		$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	
Scuderi, Jon Secretary		V	V		√	√	
Moran, John C. Legislative Co-Chair Probate & Trust		√	\checkmark		V	$\sqrt{}$	
Mezer, Steven H. Treasurer	√		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	V	
Miller, Lawrence J. Director, At Large Members		√	√		V	1	
Whynot, Sancha B. CLE Co-Chair Probate		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	

	Division		August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Acosta, Jolyon Delphin		√	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	
Adams, Angela M.		1	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	
Adams, Joseph	$\sqrt{}$		√			\checkmark	
Akins, David J.		V					

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	August 22 Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Alaimo, Marve Ann M.		V	V		V	√	
Altman, Stuart H.		√	\checkmark		V	√	
Archbold, J. Allison		1	\checkmark		V	√	
Arnold, Jr., Lynwood	\checkmark						
Aron, Jerry E. Past Chair	√		\checkmark				
Ashton, Amber E.	√		\checkmark		V	√	
Awerbach, Martin S.	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	V	√	
Bald, Kimberly A.		√	√		V	√	
Barboza, Annabella	√		V		√		
Barr, J. Christopher	√						
Baskies, Jeffrey		1	V		√	√	
Batlle, Carlos A.		1	√			√	
Baumann, Phillip A.		1	V			√	
Beales, III, Walter R. Past Chair	√						
Bedke, Michael A.	√						
Behar, Jacobeli J.		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	√	
Belcher, William F. Past Chair		V			√	√	
Bell, Kenneth B.	√						
Bell, Rebecca Coulter		√	V		√	√	
Beller, Amy		√	V	V	√	√	
Bellew, Brandon D.		1	√				
Bloodworth, Jennifer J.	√		√		√	√	
Boje, Debra Lynn Past Chair		√	V		V	√	
Bowers, Elizabeth A.		\checkmark	√		V	$\sqrt{}$	

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Boyd, Deborah	\checkmark		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Braun, Keith Brian		V	V		√	√	
Brenes-Stahl, Tattiana		V				V	
Brennan, David C. Past Chair		V	√			√	
Bronner, Tae K.		✓	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Brown, Mark A.	V		√		√	√	
Brown, Shawn	V		V		√	√	
Brunner, S. Dresden		V	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	
Bruton, Jr., Ed Burt	V		√		√	V	
Bucher, Elaine M.		√	√		V	V	
Butler, Johnathan		1	√		√	√	
Callahan, Chad W. III		V			√	√	
Carlisle, David R.		V	√				
Caskey, John R.		V	√	√	√	V	
Cazobon, Denise		V	√		V	V	
Christiansen, Patrick Past Chair	$\sqrt{}$		V		V	√	
Christy, Douglas G. III	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Christy, Erin Hope	√		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Cole, Stacey L.		√	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Coleman, Jami A.		$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$	V	
Comiter, Alyse Reiser		$\sqrt{}$	√		$\sqrt{}$	V	
Conetta, Tami F.		$\sqrt{}$	√				
Cope, Jr., Gerald B.	$\sqrt{}$		V		V		
Cornett, Jane Louise	$\sqrt{}$		√	√	$\sqrt{}$	V	

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	Р&Т	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Cranford, Jeremy	√				√	√	
Curley, Nick		V	√		√	√	
Davis, Steven			√		√	√	
Detzel, Lauren Y.		V	√		√	√	
Diamond, Benjamin F.		V	\checkmark		√		
Diamond, Sandra F. Past Chair		V	V		V	√	
Dobrev, Alex	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Dollinger, Jeffrey	√		√		√	√	
Dribin, Michael Past Chair		V	√		$\sqrt{}$	√	
Duffey, Patrick J.		V	\checkmark		√	√	
Duvall, III, Homer	√		√			√	
Eckhard, Rick	√						
Ellison, Jason M.	√		√		√	√	
Emans, Patrick C		V	√		√		
Emerich, Guy S.		V	√		√		
Ertl, Christene M.	√		√		√		
Evert, Jamison C.		V	√		√	√	
Ezell, Brenda B.	$\sqrt{}$		√		√	√	
Fagan, Gail		$\sqrt{}$	√		√	√	
Falk, Jr., Jack A.		$\sqrt{}$	√		√	√	
Farach, Manuel	√		$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	√	
Felcoski, Brian J. Past Chair		V	$\sqrt{}$		V	√	
Ferguson, Elizabeth B.	$\sqrt{}$				√	√	
Fernandez, Kristopher E.	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark		V	√	

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Fields, Alan B.	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Finchum, Travis		V	V	√	√	√	
Finlen, Erin F.		V	V		√	√	
Fitzgerald, Jr., John E.		V	V		√	√	
Foreman, Michael L.		V	V			V	
Friedman, Bridget	√			√	√	√	
Friedman, Jesse B.		V	V				
Galler, Jonathan		V					
Gans, Richard R.		V	V			√	
Gelfand, Michael J Past Chair	$\sqrt{}$		V		√	√	
Gentile, Melinda S.	$\sqrt{}$		V		√	√	
George, James		V	V		√	√	
George, Joseph P.		V	V	√	√	√	
Godelia, Vinette D.	√						
Goethe, Jeffrey S.		V	V		√	√	
Goldman, Louis "Trey"	√		V		√	√	
Goldman, Robert W. Past Chair		V	√		√		
Goodall, Deborah P. Past Chair		V	V	√	√	V	
Graham, Robert M.	$\sqrt{}$		V		V	√	
Granet, Lloyd	$\sqrt{}$		√				
Griffin, Linda S.		V	V	√	√		
Grimsley, John G. Past Chair		V					
Grosso, Jennifer		V				√	
Gunther, Eamonn W.		V	√		√	√	

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Guttmann, III, Louis B Past Chair	V					√	
Hamrick, Alexander H		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	
Hargett, Michael Van	√		√	√	√	√	
Hatcher, Hon. Mary P.			\checkmark				
Havens, Jason		√					
Hayes, Hon. Hugh D.							
Hayes, Michael Travis		~	\checkmark		\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	
Hearn, Frederick "Ricky"		V	√		√	√	
Hearn, Steven L. Past Chair		V	V	$\sqrt{}$	√		
Heckert, Katie	√		√		√	√	
Henderson, Jr., Reese J.	√						
Henderson, III, Thomas N.	$\sqrt{}$		√		√	√	
Heuston, Stephen P.		\checkmark	V		V	\checkmark	
Hipsman, Mitchell Alec		√		$\sqrt{}$	V	√	
Hoffman, Brian W.			$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Hudson, Hon. Margaret "Midge"		V					
Hughes, Elizabeth		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	
Huss, Cady L.		V	√		√	√	
Hutt, Gregg Evan	V						
Isphording, Roger O. Past Chair		V			V		
Jaiven, Kristen	$\sqrt{}$		√	$\sqrt{}$	V	√	
Jarrett, Sharifa K.		V	√				
Jennison, Julia Lee	√				V	√	
Johnson, Amber Jade		V	√	\checkmark	V	√	

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Jones, Darby					$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Jones, Frederick W.	√		√		√	√	
Jones, Patricia P.H.	√				√		
Kalmanson, Stacy O.	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$		√	√	
Kangas, Michael R.		V	\checkmark				
Kaplan, Seth		√	√		√	√	
Karibjanian, George		V					
Karr, Mary E.		V	√				
Karr, Thomas M.		V			√	√	
Kayser, Joan B. Past Chair		$\sqrt{}$	√	√			
Kelley, Rohan Past Chair		V					
Kelley, Sean W.		V					
Kelley, Shane		V		$\sqrt{}$		√	
Khan, Nishad	√		√		√	√	
Kibert-Basler, Nicole	√		√				
Kinsolving, Ruth Barnes, Past Chair	√						
Koren, Edward F. Past Chair		V	√		$\sqrt{}$	√	
Kotler, Alan Stephen		V	√		$\sqrt{}$	√	
Kromash, Keith S.		V					
Krumbein, Sandra Elizabeth	√		√			√	
Kurian, Sanjay	√		√		V	√	
Kypreos, Theodore S.		V	√	√	V		
Lancaster, Robert L.		V	√		$\sqrt{}$	√	
Lane, Jr., William R.		V	√		V	√	

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Larson, Roger A.	\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Lebowitz, Sean	√		V		√	√	
Licastro, Laura			$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Lile, Laird A. Past Chair		V	V	√	V	V	
Little, III, John W.	$\sqrt{}$						
Liu, Jin	√		√		√	V	
Lunsford, Rachel Albritton		V	V			V	
Madorsky, Marsha G.		\checkmark	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Malec, Brian		V	√		√	√	
Malfeld, Mariela	√				√	√	
Marger, Bruce Past Chair		V					
Marshall, III, Stewart		V	√		√	V	
Marx, James A.		V	√		√		
Mastin, Deborah Bovarnick	V		V			√	
McCall, Alan K.	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark	\checkmark	
McDermott, Daniel		√	√			V	
McElroy, IV, Robert Lee		V	V		V	√	
McIver, Richard	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark	\checkmark	
McRae, Ashley E.	\checkmark		V		V		
Menor, Arthur J.	√		√		√		
Meyer, George F. Past Chair	V		V		V	V	
Meyer, Michael	~		V		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Middlebrook, Mark	√		V	√	V	√	
Moffa, Jeanette	√						

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Muir, Hon. Celeste H.		~	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Murphy, Melissa J. Past Chair	V		V		V	√	
Nash, Charles I.		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Neukamm, John B. Past Chair	V		V		V	V	
Nguyen, Hung V.		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Oliver, Rachel			\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
O'Malley, Andrew M.	V		V		√	V	
Papanikos, Cristina		V	√		√	√	
Partington, Bruce	\checkmark				$\sqrt{}$		
Payne, L. Howard		$\sqrt{}$					
Pence, Scott P.	√		√		\checkmark	√	
Pilotte, Frank		$\sqrt{}$	√		V	√	
Pinnock, Duane L.		√	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Pollack, Anne Q.	√		V		√	√	
Prescott, Leonard	V		V		√	√	
Pressly, Grier James			√		√	√	
Price, Pamela O.		V	√			√	
Quintero, Jason	$\sqrt{}$		√		√	√	
Redding, John N.	\checkmark		√		$\sqrt{}$	√	
Riddell, Cynthia	√						
Rieman, Alexandra V.		√	√		V	√	
Robbins, Jr., R.J.	$\sqrt{}$		√		√	√	
Roberts, III, Hardy L.	$\sqrt{}$		√			√	
Robinson, Jennifer		V	√			√	

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Rojas, Silvia B.	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Rolando, Margaret A. Past Chair	V		V	\checkmark	V	√	
Roman, Paul E.		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Rosenberg, Joshua		V					
Rubel, Stacy		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Rubin, Jenna		V	√		V	√	
Russick, James C.	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Sachs, Colleen C.	\checkmark		\checkmark		√	√	
Sajdera, Christopher	√		\checkmark		\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	
Santos, Angela		V	\checkmark		√		
Sasso, Andrew	~		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Schwartz, Martin	~		\checkmark		√	\checkmark	
Schwartz, Robert M.	√		√		√	V	
Seigel, Daniel A.	√			√	√	V	
Sheets, Sandra G.		V	√		√	√	
Sherrill, Richard		V	√		√	V	
Shoter, Neil B.	$\sqrt{}$		√		√	√	
Sklar, William P.	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$			√	
Skrande, Gutman		√			V	V	
Smart, Christopher W.	√		√	√	V	√	
Smith, Kymberlee C.	√		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	V	
Smith, G. Thomas Past Chair/Honorary Member	V						
Smith, Yoshimi O.		√	\checkmark		√	\checkmark	
Sneeringer, Michael		V	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	√	

	Div	vision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Solomon, Marty	$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark				
Sparks, Brian C.		V	√		√	√	
Speiser, Hon. Mark A.					√	√	
Spivey, Barry F.		V	√		√		
Spurgeon, Susan K.	V		√		√	V	
Stafford, Michael P.		V		√		√	
Staker, Karla J.	V		V		√	√	
Stashis, Alfred Joseph		V	V		√	√	
Stern, Robert G.	V		V		√	√	
Stone, Adele I.	V		√		$\sqrt{}$	√	
Stone, Bruce M. Past Chair		V					
Sundberg, Laura K.		V	√	√	√	√	
Swaine, Jack Michael Past Chair	V		√	√		V	
Taft, Ellie	~		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Taylor, Richard W.	√		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Thomas, Hon. Patricia			V		√		
Thornton, Kenneth E.	√		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Thorpe, Hon Janet C.			\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Ticktin, Hon. Jessica J.							
Tobin, Jennifer S.	V		√		√	√	
Triggs, Matthew H.		V				√	
Tschida, Joseph John	V		√		√		
Tucker, Kristine L.		V	√		√	√	
Udick, Arlene C.	V		√	\checkmark	√	√	

	Div	ision	August 22				June 5
Executive Council Members	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	October 3 Jackson Hole	December 5 Orlando	February 6 Palm Coast	Marco Island
Van Dien, Lisa Barnett	$\sqrt{}$				$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Van Lenten, Jason Paul		V	V		V	V	
Van Pelt, Kit E.		\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	
Villarroel, Nicole Marie	$\sqrt{}$		V		V	V	
Virgil, Eric		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			\checkmark	
Waller, Roland D. Past Chair	V		V		$\sqrt{}$	V	
Warner, Richard	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$		\checkmark	
Weintraub, Lee A.	V			√	V	√	
Weiss, Brad R.	√		\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$		
Wells, Jerry B.		V				√	
White, Jr., Richard M.		~	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Williams, Margaret A.	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Williamson, Julie Ann Past Chair	V						
Wintter, Christopher		$\sqrt{}$	V		$\sqrt{}$	V	
Wohlust, Gary Charles		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Wolasky, Marjorie E.		~	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Wolf, Jerome L.		√	V			\checkmark	
Wood, Rebecca	√		V		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Young, Gwynne A.		V	V		√		
Zeydel, Diana S.C.		V	V		√	√	
Zikakis, Salome J.		V	V	√	√	√	
Zschau, Julius J. Past Chair	V						

RPPTL Fellows	Division		August 22 Breakers	October 3 Jackson	December 5	February 6	June 5 Marco
	RP	P&T	(Virtual)	Hole, WY	Orlando	Palm Coast	Island
Bailey, Lilleth		\checkmark	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$	~	
Cleland, Nicole Bell		\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Harvey, Terrence L.	V		V		√	V	
Hinden, Michelle Gomez	√		√		√	\checkmark	
Jaiven, Kristen King	\checkmark		$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	
Miller – Myers, Erin	√		V		√	√	
Percopo, Joseph		√	√		√	√	
Romano, Antonio		V			√	V	

	Division		August 22	October 3	December 5	February 6	June 5
Legislative Consultants	RP	P&T	Breakers (Virtual)	Jackson Hole, WY	Orlando	Palm Coast	
Brown, French		\checkmark	√		\checkmark		
Dunbar, Marc							
Dunbar, Peter M.			√		$\sqrt{}$		
Edenfield, Martha Jane		√	V		V	V	



Thank you to Our General Sponsors

Event Name	Sponsor	Contact Name	Email
App Sponsor	WFG National Title Insurance Co.	Joseph J. Tschida	jtschida@wfgnationaltitle.com
Thursday Grab and Go Lunch	Management Planning, Inc.	Roy Meyers	rmeyers@mpival.com
Thursday Night Reception	JP Morgan	Carlos Batlle	carlos.a.batlle@jpmorgan.com
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Friday Reception	Westcor Land Title Insurance Company	Sabine Seidel	sseidel@wltic.com
Friday Night Dinner	First American Title Insurance Company	Alan McCall	Amccall@firstam.com
Spouse Breakfast	Attorneys Title Fund Services, LLC	Melissa Murphy	mmurphy@thefund.com
Real Property Roundtable	Fidelity National Title Group	Karla Staker	Karla.Staker@fnf.com
Probate Roundtable	Stout Risius Ross Inc.	Kym Kerin	kkerin@srr.com
Probate Roundtable	Guardian Trust	Ashley Gonnelli	ashley@guardiantrusts.org
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Heritage Investment	Joe Gitto	jgitto@heritageinvestment.com
North American Title Insurance Company	Jessica Hew	jhew@natic.com
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Attorneys Title Fund Services, LLC	Melissa Murphy	mmurphy@thefund.com	Real Estate Leasing			
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Coral Gables Trust	John Harris	jharris@cgtrust.com	Probate Law Committee			
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Management Planning Inc.	Roy Meyers	rmeyers@mpival.com	Estate and Trust Tax Planning			
Northern Trust	Tami Conetta	tfc1@ntrs.com	Trust Law			

RPPTL 2021-2022

Executive Council Meeting Schedule Robert Swaine's Year

Limit 1 reservation per registrant, additional rooms will be approved upon special request.

NOTE- Committee meetings may be conducted virtually via Zoom prior to the Executive Council meeting weekend.

Date	Location
July 21 – July 25, 2021	Executive Council Meeting & Legislative Update
	The Breakers
	Palm Beach, Florida
	Room Rate (Deluxe Room – King): \$245
	Premium Room Rate: \$299
November 3 – November 7, 2021	Executive Council Meeting
	Luminary Hotel & Co.
	Fort Myers, FL
	Standard Guest Room Rate (King): \$209
	Standard Guest Room Rate (Two Queen): \$234
March 2 – March 6, 2022**	Out of State Executive Council Meeting
,	Hotel Bennett
	Charleston, South Carolina
	Standard Guest Room Rate: \$429
March 30 – April 2, 2022	Executive Council Meeting
maron 00 /tpm 2, 2022	AC Hotel by Marriott Tallahassee (Contract Pending)
	Tallahassee, Florida
	Standard Guest Room Rate: \$179
June 1 – June 5, 2022	Executive Council Meeting & Annual Convention
3, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 2	Hawks Cay Resort
	Duck Key, Florida
	Standard Guest Room Rate: \$249
	Two Bedroom Villa Rate: \$299
** Note change of date from	
previous Executive Council agendas	

^{*}Subject to availability

2021-2022 RPPTL COMMITTEE LEADERSHIP

2021-2022 PROBATE DIVISION

PT Division Substantive Committee	Name	
		2021-2022 <u>Position</u>
Ad Hoc Guardianship Law Revision Committee	David Brennan	Co-Chair
	Nicklaus Curley	Co-Chair
	Stacy Rubel	Co-Chair
	Sancha Brennan	VC
Ad Hoc Committee on Electronic Wills	Angela Adams	Chair
The five committee on Electronic Wins	Jenna Rubin	VC
	Ricky Hearn	VC
Ad Hoc Study Committee on Professional Fiduciary Licensing	Angela McClendon Adams	Chair
	Yoshi Smith	VC
Ad Hoc Study Committee on Jurisdiction and Due Process	Barry F. Spivey	Chair
	Sean William Kelley	Co-VC
	Shelly Wald Harris	Co-VC
Ad Hoc ART Committee	Alyse Reiser Comiter	Chair
	Sean Lebowitz	Co-VC
	Jack Falk	Co-VC
A (D) (1)) (; 1, 10, ;	CI :
Asset Protection	Michael Sneeringer	Chair
	Richard Gans Justin Savioli	Co-VC Co-VC
Attorney/Trust Officer Liaison Conference	Cady Huss	Chair
	Stacey L. Cole	Co-VC
	Tae Kelley Bronner	Co-VC
	Gail Fagan	Co-VC
	Mitchell Hipsman	Co-VC
	Eammon Gunther	Co-VC
	Michael Rubenstein	Co-VC

PT Division Substantive Committee	<u>Name</u>	
		2021-2022 Position
		<u>Position</u>
	0.4.77.4	G1 .
Charitable Planning and Exempt Organizations Committee	Seth Kaplan	Chair
	Denise Cazobon	Co-VC
	Kelly Hellmuth	Co-VC
Elective Share Review Committee	Jenna Rubin	Chair
	Lauren Detzel	Co-VC
	Cristina Papanikos	Co-VC
Estate & Trust Tax Planning	Robert Lancaster	Chair
	Richard Sherrill	Co-VC
	Sasha Klein	Co-VC
	Q. P.1.1	
Guardianship, Power of Attorney & Advance Directives	Stacy Rubel	Chair
Auvance Directives	Elizabeth Hughes	Co-VC
	Caitlin Powell	Co-VC Co-VC
	Jacob Behar	Co-VC
	A1 C4 1 1	C1 :
IRA, Insurance & Employee Benefits	Al Stashis Chad Callahan	Chair Co-VC
	Rachel Oliver	Co-VC Co-VC
	Raciici Olivei	C0-VC
Liaisons with ACTEC	Elaine M. Bucher	
	Diana S.C. Zeydel	
	Shane Kelley	
	Charlie Nash	
	Tami Conetta	
	Tom Karr	
	L. Howard Payne	
Liaisons with Elder Law Section	Travis Finchum	
	Marjorie Ellen Wolasky	
Liaisons with Tax Law Section	William Lane, Jr.	
	Brian Sparks	
	Brian Malec	
Liaisons with Prof Fiduciary Council	Darby Jones	
Limisons with Figure 1 y Country	Dailoy Jones	

PT Division Substantive Committee	<u>Name</u>	2021-2022 <u>Position</u>
OPPG Delegate	Nicklaus Curley	
Principal and Income	Edward F. Koren	Co-Chair
	Pamela O. Price	Co-Chair
	Keith Braun	Co-VC
	Jolyon Acosta	Co-VC
Probate and Trust Litigation	John Richard Caskey	Chair
	James Raymond George	Co-VC
	Lee McElroy	Co-VC
	Angela Adams	Co-VC
Probate Law & Procedure	Travis Hayes	Chair
	Ben Diamond	Co-VC
	Cristina Papanikos	Co-VC
	Theodore Kypreos	Co-VC
	Cady Huss/Probate Rules Liaison	Co-VC
Trust Law	Matthew Triggs	Chair
21400 2400	David Akins	Co-VC
	Jennifer Robinson/Trust Officer Liaison	Co-VC
	Mary E. Karr	Co-VC
	Jenna Rubin	Co-VC
Wills, Trusts & Estates Certification Review Course	Rachel Lunsford	Chair
	Jerome Wolf	Co-VC
	Allison Archbold	Co-VC

2021-2022 GENERAL STANDING COMMITTEES

GS Committee	Name	
		2021-2022
		<u>Position</u>
Ad Hoc Remote Notarization	E. Burt Bruton	Chair
Ad Hoc RTOD	Steve Kotler (PT)	Co-Chair
	Chris Smart (RP)	Co-Chair
Amicus Coordination	Kenneth Bradley Bell	Co-Chair
Timeus coordination	Gerald Barnette Cope, Jr.	Co-Chair
	Robert W. Goldman	Co-Chair
	John Wesley Little, III	Co-Chair
Budget	Jon Scuderi	Chair
	Linda S. Griffin	Co-VC
	Tae Kelley Bronner	Co-VC
	Pamela O. Price	Co-VC
CLE Seminar Coordination	Sancha Brennan	Co-Chair (PT)
CLE Seminar Coordination	Lee Weintraub	\ /
		Co-Chair (RP)
	Alexander Hamilton Hamrick	Co-VC (PT)
	Paul Edward Roman	Co-VC (Ethics Professionalism)
	Hardy L. Roberts, III	Co-VC (General E- CLE)
	Silvia B. Rojas	Co-VC (RP)
	Stacy O. Kalmanson	Co-VC (RP)
Convention Coordination	Tae Kelley Bronner	Co-Chair
	Stacy O. Kalmanson	Co-Chair
Disaster and Emergency	Brian Sparks	
Preparedness and Response Committee		Chair
	Colleen Sachs	Co-VC
	Mike Bedke	Co-VC
Fellows	Chris Sajdera	Chair
TCHOWS	Ciiris Sajucia	Chan

GS Committee	<u>Name</u>	2021-2022 <u>Position</u>
	Chris Barr	Co-VC
	Bridget Friedman	Co-VC
	Angela Kelmasch Santos	Co-VC
Florida Electronic Filing & Service	Rohan Kelley	Chair
Homestead Issues Study	Jeffrey Scott Goethe	Chair
	Amy Beller	Co-VC
	Melissa Joy Murphy	Co-VC
	Michael J. Gelfand	Co-VC
	Jeff Baskies	Co-VC
Information Technology and	Hardy L. Roberts, III	
Communication	E. H. Cl.;	Chair
	Erin Hope Christy	Co-VC
	Alexander Branimirov Dobrev	Co-VC
	Jesse B. Friedman	Co-VC
	Michael Sneeringer	Co-VC
	Sean Lebowitz	Co-VC
	Terrance Harvey	Co-VC
	Jordan Haines	Co-VC
Law School Mentoring & Programming	Jonathan Butler	Chair
	Phillip A. Baumann	Co-VC
	Guy Storms Emerich	Co-VC
	Kristine Tucker	Co-VC
	Kymberlee Curry Smith	Co-VC
Legislation	Wilhelmina Kightlinger	Co-Chair (RP)
	Larry Miller	Co-Chair (PT)
	Manuel Farach	Co-VC
	Art Menor	Co-VC
	Grier Pressly	Co-VC
	Nicklaus Curley	Co-VC
	Chris Smart	Co-VC

GS Committee	<u>Name</u>	2021 2022
		2021-2022 <u>Position</u>
	D 1 D E 11	CI.
Legislative Update	Brenda B. Ezell	Chair
	Theodore Stanley Kypreos	Co-VC
	Salome J. Zikakis	Co-VC
	Jennifer Slone Tobin	Co-VC
	Kit van Pelt	Co-VC
	Gutman Skrande	Co-VC
Liaison with ABA	Edward F. Koren	
	Robert Scott Freedman	
	George Joseph Meyer	
	Julius James Zschau	
Liaison with Business Law Section	Manuel Farach	
	Gwynne Alice Young	
	Gwynne Ance Toung	
Liaison with Clerks of Circuit Court	Laird Andrew Lile	
Liaison with FLEA/FLSSI	David Clark Brennan	
	Roland D. Waller	
Liaison with Florida Bankers Assn.	Mark Thomas Middlebrook	
	Robert Stern	
Liaison with Judiciary	Judge Mary Hatcher	
	Judge Hugh D. Hayes	
	Judge Margaret Hudson	
	Judge Bryan Rendzio	
	Judge Mark Alan Speiser	
	Judge Michael Rudisill	
Liaison with Out-of-State Members	John Edward Fitzgerald, Jr.	
Emison with Out-of-State Members	Nicole Courtney Kibert	
	Basler	
	Michael P. Stafford	

GS Committee	Name	
		<u>2021-2022</u>
		Position
Liaison with TFB Board of		
Governors		
Liaison with TFB CLE Committee	Sancha Brennan	
Liaison with TFB Council of	Robert S. Swaine	
Sections		
	Sarah Butters	
Liaison with TFB Pro Bono	Lorna Brown-Burton	
Committee		
Long-Range Planning	Sarah Butters	Chair
Meetings Planning	George Joseph Meyer	Chair
Membership and Inclusion	S. Dresden Brunner	Co-Chair
	Annabella Barboza	Co-Chair
	Erin Christy	Co-VC
	Vinette Dawn Godelia	Co-VC
	Roger Larson	Co-VC
	Jennifer Grosso	Co-VC
	Tattiana B. Stahl	Co-VC
Model and Uniform Acts	Richard Walter Taylor	Co-Chair
Woder and Uniform Acts	Patrick Duffy	Co-Chair
	Adele Stone	Co-VC
	Ben Diamond	Co-VC
	Chris Wintter	Co-VC
		20.0
Professionalism and Ethics	Andrew Blaise Sasso	Chair
	Alexander Branimirov	Co-VC
	Dobrev	
	Elizabeth Bowers	Co-VC
	Laura Sundberg	Co-VC
	Judge Celeste Hardee Muir	Co-VC

GS Committee	Name	
<u></u>		<u>2021-2022</u>
		Position
Publications ActionLine	Jeffrey Alan Baskies	Co-Chair (PT)
	Michael Alan Bedke	Co-Chair (RP)
	George Daniel Karibjanian	Co-VC (PT)
	Paul Edward Roman	Co-VC
		(Ethics/Professionalism)
	Danny McDermott	Co-VC (PT)
	Rick Eckhard	Co-VC (RP)
	Keith Kromash	Co-VC (PT)
	Daniel Seigel	Co-VC (RP)
	Jeanette Moffa Wagener	Co-VC (RP)
Publications Florida Bar Journal	Homer Duvall, III	Co-Chair
	J. Allison Archbold	Co-Chair
	Marty Solomon	Co-VC
	Brian Curtis Sparks	Co-VC
	Brandon Bellew	Co-VC
	Jonathan Galler	Co-VC
	Mark Brown	Co-VC
	D'11 01 1	C1 '
Sponsor Coordination	Bill Sklar	Chair
	Jason Jude Quintero	Co-VC
	Patrick Eman	Co-VC
	Marsha Gerre Madorsky	Co-VC
	J. Michael Swaine	Co-VC
	Arlene Catherine Udick	Co-VC
	Alex Hamrick	Co-VC
	Rebecca Bell	Co-VC
C4 4 DI	D 1 4 C C :	G G1 :
Strategic Planning	Robert S. Swaine	Co-Chair
	Sarah Butters	Co-Chair
Strategic Planning Implementation	Robert Scott Freedman	Co-Chair
Strategic Framming Implementation	Michael J. Gelfand	Co-Chair
	Deborah Goodall	Co-Chair
		Co-Chair
	Andrew O'Malley Mike Dribin	Co-Chair
		Co-Chair
	Peggy Rolando	Co-Chair

2021-2022 REAL PROPERTY DIVISION

RP Division Substantive Committee	<u>Name</u>	2021-2022 Position
		<u>1 OSICIOII</u>
Attorney Banker Conference	Ashley McRae	Chair
	Kris Fernandez	Co-VC
	Jim Robbins	Co-VC
	Salome Zikakis	Co-VC
Commercial Real Estate	Jennifer Bloodworth	Chair
	Ashley McRae	Co-VC
	Ellie Taft	Co-VC
	Alex Gabel	Co-VC
Condominium and Planned	Jane Cornett	Co-Chair
Development Law Certification	Jane Cornett	Co-Chair
Review Course		
	Christine Ertl	Co-Chair
	Allison Hertz	VC
Condominium and Planned	Joe Adams	Co-Chair
Development	D D 1 1	0 01 :
	Peggy Rolando	Co-Chair
	Sandra Krumbein	Co-VC
	Alex Dobrev	Co-VC
Construction Law	Reese Henderson	Chair
	Bruce Partington	Co-VC
	Sanjay Kurian	Co-VC
	Elizabeth Ferguson	Co-VC
Construction Law Certification	Elizabeth Ferguson	Chair
Review Course	Elizacetti i elgasoti	Chun
	Scott Pence	Co-VC
	Gregg Hutt	Co-VC
Construction Law Institute	Jason Quintero	Chair
20-27 1000 200 1000	Deb Mastin	Co-VC
	Brad Weiss	Co-VC

RP Division Substantive Committee	<u>Name</u>	2021-2022 <u>Position</u>
Development and Land Use	Colleen Sachs	Chair
	Lisa Van Dien	Co-VC
	Jin Liu	Co-VC
Liaison with FLTA	Melissa Murphy	Co-Chair
	Alan McCall	Co-Chair
	Alan Fields	Co-VC
	Jim Russick	Co-VC
Insurance and Surety	Michael Meyer	Co-Chair
,	Katie Heckert	Co-Chair
	Mariela Malfeld	VC
Real Estate Certification Review Course	Manny Farach	Chair
	Lloyd Granet	Co-VC
	Marty Awerbach	Co-VC
	Laura Licastro	Co-VC
	Jason Ellison	Co-VC
Real Estate Leasing	Brenda Ezell	Co-Chair
	Chris Sajdera	Co-Chair
	Kristen Jaiven	VC
Real Property Finance and Lending	Rich McIver	Chair
	Jason Ellison	Co-VC
	Deb Boyd	Co-VC
Real Property Litigation	Mike Hargett	Chair
, v 8	Manny Farach	Co-VC
	Amber Ashton	Co-VC
	Shawn Brown	Co-VC
Real Property Problems Study	Anne Pollack	Chair
	Adele Stone	Co-VC
	Susan Spurgeon	Co-VC
	Brian Hoffman	Co-VC

RP Division Substantive Committee	<u>Name</u>	2021-2022 <u>Position</u>
Residential Real Estate and Industry Liaison	Nicole Villarroel	Chair
	Trey Goldman	Co-VC
	Jamie Marx	Co-VC
	Kristen Jaiven	Co-VC
Title Insurance and Title Industry Liaison	Brian Hoffman	Chair
	Jeremy Cranford	Co-VC
	Len Prescott	Co-VC
	Chris Smart	Co-VC
	Michelle Hinden	Co-VC
Title Issues and Title Standards	Rebecca Wood	Chair
	Karla Staker	Co-VC
	Bob Graham	Co-VC
	Amanda Hersem	Co-VC
American College of Real Estate Lawyers (ACREL) Liaison	Martin Schwartz	Co-Chair
	Bill Sklar	Co-Chair
American College of Construction Lawyers (ACCL) Liaison	George Meyer	Chair



TO DATE REPORT

General Budget		YTD		
Revenue	\$	2,098,158		
Expenses	\$	1,061,893		
Net:	\$	1,036,265		
Attorney Bankers Conf.		YTD		
Revenue	\$	(300)		
Expenses	\$	120		
Net:	\$	(420)		
CLI		YTD		
Revenue	\$	253,710		
Expenses	\$	7,612		
Net:	\$	246,098		
Trust Officer Conference				
Revenue	\$	26,000		
Expenses	\$	363		
Net:	\$	25,637		
Legislative Update	_			_
-	•	42.646		
Revenue	\$	13,646		
Expenses	\$	4,563		
Net:	\$	9,083		

Roll-up Summary (Total)

Convention

Revenue

Expenses

Net:

Revenue:	\$ 2,388,500
Expenses	\$ 1,074,373
Net Operations	\$ 1,314,127

(2,714)

(2,536)

(178)

Beginning Fund Balance: \$ 2,339,334 Current Fund Balance (YTD): \$ 3,653,461 Projected June 2021 Fund Balance \$ 2,123,769

\$

CLE Calendar (as of 05/19/21)

Date of Presentation	Crs. #	Title	Location
05/20/2021	4025	RPPTL Audio Webcast – Condo Webcast Series (3)	Audio Webcast
06/04/2021	4707	Convention CLE: The Virtual Law Office	JW Marriott, Marco Island
		RPPTL Audio Webcast - The Final Results 2021 Legislative	
		Session for Community Associations – Leasing Prohibitions,	
		Collection Practices, Election and Recall Disputes, and the	
06/17/2021	4026	end of DBPR Division Arbitration?	Audio Webcast
		RPPTL Audio Webcast - Florida's New Summary Judgment	
06/30/2021	4031	Standard and Rule 1.510	Audio Webcast
		RPPTL Audio Webcast - Beyond Chapters 718, 719, and 720	
07/07/2021	4025	for Community Associations – Now you Know!	Audio Webcast
		RPPTL Audio Webcast: Is You Judgment in My Best Interest -	
7/13/2021	TBD	Decision Making in Guardianships	Audio Webcast
7/14/2021	TBD	RPPTL Audio Webcast: Flood Insurance and Risk Rating 2.0	Audio Webcast
		(do seminar change notice, change name from Audio	
		Webcast 1)	
7/23/2021	TBD	41st Annual Legislative and Case Law Update	The Breakers, Palm Beach
10/1/2021	4941	Guardianship CLE	Virtual Broadcast



651 East Jefferson Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-2300

Joshua E. Doyle Executive Director (850) 561-5600 www.FLORIDABAR.org

SECTION LEGISLATIVE OR POLITICAL ACTIVITY REQUEST FORM

- This form is for <u>committees</u>, <u>divisions and sections</u> to seek approval for section legislative or political activities.
- Requests for legislative and political activity must be made on this form.
- Political activity is defined in SBP 9.11(c) as "activity by The Florida Bar or a bar group including, but not limited to, filing a comment in a federal administrative law case, taking a position on an action by an elected or appointed governmental official, appearing before a government entity, submitting comments to a regulatory entity on a regulatory matter, or any type of public commentary on an issue of significant public interest or debate."
- Voluntary bar groups must advise TFB of proposed legislative or political activity and must identify all groups the proposal has been submitted to; if comments have been received, they should be attached. SBP 9.50(d).
 - The Legislation Committee and Board will review the proposal unless an expedited decision is required.
 - o If expedited review is requested, the Executive Committee may review the proposal.
 - The Bar President, President-Elect, and chair of the Legislation Committee may review the proposal if the legislature is in session or the Executive Committee cannot act because of an emergency.

(RPPTL	Approval	Date	`
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General Information

Submitted by: (list name of section, division, committee, TFB group, or individual name)

Finance and Lending Committee, Real Property, Probate and Trust Law Section

Address: (address and phone #) c/o Chair, Richard S. McIver - 813-405-2750

1505 N. Florida Avenue, Tampa, FL 33602

Position Level: (TFB section / division / committee) RPPTL Section, Finance and Lending Committee

651 East Jefferson Street • Tallahassee, FL 32399-2300 • FAX: (850) 561-9405

Rev. 08/17/2020

THE FLORIDA BAR

Proposed Advocacy

Complete Section 1 below if the issue is legislative, 2 if the issue is political. Section 3 must be completed.

Pro	1. Proposed Wording of Legislative Position for Official Publication Proposal to expand the applicability of §697.07 (Assignment of Rents) and §702.10 (Order to Make Payments During Foreclosure) to third parties who acquire properties subject to a				
mor					
2.	Pol	litical Proposal			
3.	Re a.	Is the proposal consistent with <u>Keller v. State Bar of California</u> , 496 US 1 (1990), and <u>The Elovida Para y Selwarre</u> 552 So. 2d 1994 (Flo. 1989)? Vec			
		<u>Florida Bar v. Schwarz</u> , 552 So. 2d 1094 (Fla. 1989)? <u>Yes</u>			
	b.	Which goal or objective of the <u>Bar's strategic plan</u> is advanced by the proposal? <u>Objective I - Ensure the Judicial System, a Coequal Branch of Government, is Fair, Impartial, Adequately Funded and Open to All</u>			
	c.	Does the proposal relate to: (check all that apply)			
		Regulation and discipline of attorneys X Improvement of the functioning of the courts, judicial efficacy, and efficiency Increasing the availability of legal services to the public Regulation of lawyer client trust accounts X Education, ethics, competency, integrity and regulation of the legal profession			
	d.	Additional Information:			

THE FLORIDA BAR

Referrals to Other Committees, Divisions & Sections

out only after the prop	nts received. The section may submit its proposal before receiving comments rosal has been provided to the bar divisions, sections, or committees. Please a for circulation among the other sections, divisions and committees.
	Contacts
Board & Legislation	Committee Appearance (list name, address and phone #)
Wilhemina Kightli	nger, Co-Chair of the Legislative Committee
_1408 N West Shore	Blvd Ste 900, Tampa, FL 33607-4535; 813-514-6130
House/Senate committ	Martha Edenfield, Dean, Mead & Dunbar, P.A., 215 South Monroe Street, Suite 81
Peter M. Dunbar &	Ators/staff (list name and phone # of those having direct contact with legislators) Martha Edenfield, Dean, Mead & Dunbar, P.A., 215 South Monroe Street, Suite 81 01 (850) -999-4100

Submit this form and attachments to the OGC, jhooks@floridabar.org, (850) 561-5662.



651 East Jefferson Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-2300

Joshua E. Doyle Executive Director 850/561-5600 www.FLORIDABAR.org

To:	Leadership of the
	Section/Division/Committee
From:	
Re:	Proposed Legislative Position re:
divisions, section activity. The posubmitted for a week thought you	are, Standing Board Policy 9.50(d) requires voluntary bar groups to contact all ions and committees that might be interested in proposed legislative or political olicy also requires sections to identify all groups to which proposals have been comment and to include comments when submitting the proposal. Our section might be interested in the above issue and have attached a copy of our review and comment. Our proposal is in:
Thanks for you	ar consideration of this request. Please let us know if your section will provide

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the amendment of Sections 697.07 and 702.10, Florida Statutes; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. 697.07 Assignment of rents.-

- (1) A mortgage or separate instrument may provide for an assignment of rents of real property or any interest therein as security for repayment of an indebtedness.
- (2) If such an assignment is made, the mortgagee shall hold a lien on the rents, and the lien created by the assignment shall be perfected and effective against the mortgager and third parties upon recordation of the mortgage or separate instrument in the public records of the county in which the real property is located, according to law. For purposes of this section, the term "mortgager" is defined as the original mortgagor and all parties who have subsequently acquired title to the property subject to the assignment. The term "mortgagee" includes any party entitled to enforce the mortgage or assignment of rents under applicable law.
- (3) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the mortgagee and mortgagor, the <u>lien created by the</u> assignment of rents shall be enforceable upon the mortgagor's default and written demand for the rents made by the mortgagee to the mortgagor, whereupon the mortgagor shall turn over all rents in the possession or control of the mortgagor at the time of the written demand or collected thereafter (the "collected rents") to the mortgagee less payment of any expenses authorized by the mortgagee in writing.

Page 1 of 14

- (4) Upon application by the mortgagee or mortgagor, in a foreclosure action, and notwithstanding any asserted defenses or counterclaims of the mortgagor, a court of competent jurisdiction, pending final adjudication of any action, may require the mortgagor to deposit the collected rents into the registry of the court, or in such other depository as the court may designate. However, the court may authorize the use of the collected rents, before deposit into the registry of the court or other depository, to:
- 37 (a) Pay the reasonable expenses solely to protect, preserve, and
 38 operate the real property, including, without limitation, real
 39 estate taxes, and insurance and assessments which come due after
 40 entry of the court's order to a community association as defined in
 41 s. 720.301, or a corporation regulated under chapter 718 or chapter
 42 719.
- 42 <u>719</u>;

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- (b) Escrow sums required by the mortgagee or separate assignment of rents instrument; and
- (c) Make payments to the mortgagee.
- The court shall require the mortgagor to account to the court and the mortgagee for the receipt and use of the collected rents and may also impose other conditions on the mortgagor's use of the
- 49 collected rents.
- 50 (5) Nothing herein shall preclude the court from granting any other appropriate relief regarding the collected rents pending final adjudication of the action. The undisbursed collected rents remaining in the possession of the mortgagor or in the registry of the court, or in such other depository as ordered by the court, shall be disbursed at the conclusion of the action in accordance with the court's final judgment or decree.

Page 2 of 14

- (6) The court shall expedite the hearing on the application by the mortgagee or mortgagor to enforce the assignment of rents. The procedures authorized by this statute are in addition to any other rights or remedies of the mortgagee or mortgagor under the mortgage, separate assignment of rents instrument, promissory note, at law, or in equity.
- (7) Nothing herein shall alter the lien priorities, rights, or interests among mortgagees or other lienholders or alter the rights of the mortgagee under the mortgage, separate assignment of rents instrument, at law or in equity, concerning rents collected before the written demand by the mortgagee. A mortgagee's enforcement of its assignment of rents under this statute shall not operate to transfer title to any rents not received by the mortgagee.
- (8) Any moneys received by the mortgagee pursuant to this statute shall be applied by the mortgagee in accordance with the mortgage, separate assignment of rents instrument, or promissory note, and the mortgagee shall account to the mortgagor for such application.

 (9) This section does not apply to any corporation that is an association, as defined in s.720.301, or a corporation regulated under chapter 718 or chapter 719 that (a) acquires title to a parcel or unit through the foreclosure of its claim of lien, or a deed in lieu of foreclosure, provided title remains vested in the association and any rents collected are applied to assessments that are then due, or (b) is collecting rents from the tenants in the parcel or unit pursuant to s. 718.116(11), s. 719.108(10) or s. 720.3085(8).
- Section 2. 702.10 Order to show cause; entry of final judgment of foreclosure; payment during foreclosure.—

 Page 3 of 14

- A lienholder may request an order to show cause for the entry of final judgment in a foreclosure action. For purposes of this section, the term "lienholder" includes the plaintiff and a defendant to the action who holds a lien encumbering the property or a defendant who, by virtue of its status as a condominium association, cooperative association, or property association, may file a lien against the real property subject to foreclosure. Upon filing, the court shall immediately review the request and the court file in chambers and without a hearing. If, upon examination of the court file, the court finds that the complaint is verified, complies with s.702.015, and alleges a cause of action to foreclose on real property, the court shall promptly issue an order directed to the other parties named in the action to show cause why a final judgment of foreclosure should not be entered.
 - (a) The order shall:

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1. Set the date and time for a hearing to show cause. The date for the hearing may not occur sooner than the later of 20 days after service of the order to show cause or 45 days after service of the initial complaint. When service is obtained by publication, the date for the hearing may not be set sooner than 30 days after

Page 4 of 14

the first publication.

- 2. Direct the time within which service of the order to show cause and the complaint must be made upon the defendant.
- 3. State that the filing of defenses by a motion, a responsive pleading, an affidavit, or other papers before the hearing to show cause that raise a genuine issue of material fact which would preclude the entry of summary judgment or otherwise constitute a legal defense to foreclosure shall constitute cause for the court not to enter final judgment.
- 4. State that a defendant has the right to file affidavits or other papers before the time of the hearing to show cause and may appear personally or by way of an attorney at the hearing.
- 5. State that, if a defendant files defenses by a motion, a verified or sworn answer, affidavits, or other papers or appears personally or by way of an attorney at the time of the hearing, the hearing time will be used to hear and consider whether the defendant's motion, answer, affidavits, other papers, and other evidence and argument as may be presented by the defendant or the defendant's attorney raise a genuine issue of material fact which would preclude the entry of summary judgment or otherwise constitute a legal defense to foreclosure. The order shall also

Page 5 of 14

state that the court may enter an order of final judgment of foreclosure at the hearing and order the clerk of the court to conduct a foreclosure sale.

- 6. State that, if a defendant fails to appear at the hearing to show cause or fails to file defenses by a motion or by a verified or sworn answer or files an answer not contesting the foreclosure, such defendant may be considered to have waived the right to a hearing, and in such case, the court may enter a default against such defendant and, if appropriate, a final judgment of foreclosure ordering the clerk of the court to conduct a foreclosure sale.
- 7. State that if the mortgage provides for reasonable attorney fees and the requested attorney fees do not exceed 3 percent of the principal amount owed at the time of filing the complaint, it is unnecessary for the court to hold a hearing or adjudge the requested attorney fees to be reasonable.
- 8. Attach the form of the proposed final judgment of foreclosure which the movant requests the court to enter at the hearing on the order to show cause.
- 9. Require the party seeking final judgment to serve a copy of the order to show cause on the other parties in the following

Page 6 of 14

148 manner:

- a. If a party has been served pursuant to chapter 48 with the complaint and original process, or the other party is the plaintiff in the action, service of the order to show cause on that party may be made in the manner provided in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
- b. If a defendant has not been served pursuant to chapter 48 with the complaint and original process, the order to show cause, together with the summons and a copy of the complaint, shall be served on the party in the same manner as provided by law for original process.

Any final judgment of foreclosure entered under this subsection is for in rem relief only. This subsection does not preclude the entry of a deficiency judgment where otherwise allowed by law. The Legislature intends that this alternative procedure may run simultaneously with other court procedures.

(b) The right to be heard at the hearing to show cause is waived if a defendant, after being served as provided by law with an order to show cause, engages in conduct that clearly shows that the defendant has relinquished the right to be heard on that order. The defendant's failure to file defenses by a motion or by a sworn

Page 7 of 14

or verified answer, affidavits, or other papers or to appear personally or by way of an attorney at the hearing duly scheduled on the order to show cause presumptively constitutes conduct that clearly shows that the defendant has relinquished the right to be heard. If a defendant files defenses by a motion, a verified answer, affidavits, or other papers or presents evidence at or before the hearing which raise a genuine issue of material fact which would preclude entry of summary judgment or otherwise constitute a legal defense to foreclosure, such action constitutes cause and precludes the entry of a final judgment at the hearing to show cause.

- (c) In a mortgage foreclosure proceeding, when a final judgment of foreclosure has been entered against the mortgagor and the note or mortgage provides for the award of reasonable attorney fees, it is unnecessary for the court to hold a hearing or adjudge the requested attorney fees to be reasonable if the fees do not exceed 3 percent of the principal amount owed on the note or mortgage at the time of filing, even if the note or mortgage does not specify the percentage of the original amount that would be paid as liquidated damages.
 - (d) If the court finds that all defendants have waived the

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right to be heard as provided in paragraph (b), the court shall promptly enter a final judgment of foreclosure without the need for further hearing if the plaintiff has shown entitlement to a final judgment and upon the filing with the court of the original note, satisfaction of the conditions for establishment of a lost note, or upon a showing to the court that the obligation to be foreclosed is not evidenced by a promissory note or other negotiable instrument. If the court finds that a defendant has not waived the right to be heard on the order to show cause, the court shall determine whether there is cause not to enter a final judgment of foreclosure. If the court finds that the defendant has not shown cause, the court shall promptly enter a judgment of foreclosure. If the time allotted for the hearing is insufficient, the court may announce at the hearing a date and time for the continued hearing. Only the parties who appear, individually or through an attorney, at the initial hearing must be notified of the date and time of the continued hearing.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (i) <u>below</u>, in any action for foreclosure, other than owner-occupied residential real estate, in addition to any other relief that the court may award, the plaintiff may request that the court enter an order directing the mortgagor defendant to show cause why an order to make payments

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during the pendency of the foreclosure proceedings or an order to vacate the premises should not be entered. For purposes of this subsection, "mortgagor" is defined as the original mortgagor, or any subsequent owner or party in possession of the property. This subsection shall not apply to an association as defined in s.720.301 or a corporation regulated under chapter 718 or chapter 719, that (a) acquires title to a parcel or unit through the foreclosure of its claim of lien, or a deed in lieu of foreclosure, provided title remains vested in the association and any rents collected are applied to assessments that are then due, or (b) is collecting rents from the tenants in the parcel or unit pursuant to s. 718.116(11), s. 719.108(10) or s. 720.3085(8).

(a) The order shall:

- 1. Set the date and time for hearing on the order to show cause. However, the date for the hearing may not be set sooner than 20 days after the service of the order. If service is obtained by publication, the date for the hearing may not be set sooner than 30 days after the first publication.
- 2. Direct the time within which service of the order to show cause and the complaint shall be made upon each defendant.
 - 3. State that a defendant has the right to file affidavits or

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other papers at the time of the hearing and may appear personally or by way of an attorney at the hearing.

- 4. State that, if a defendant fails to appear at the hearing to show cause and fails to file defenses by a motion or by a verified or sworn answer, the defendant is deemed to have waived the right to a hearing and in such case the court may enter an order to make payment or vacate the premises.
- 5. Require the movant to serve a copy of the order to show cause on the defendant in the following manner:
- a. If a defendant has been served with the complaint and original process, service of the order may be made in the manner provided in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
- b. If a defendant has not been served with the complaint and original process, the order to show cause, together with the summons and a copy of the complaint, shall be served on the defendant in the same manner as provided by law for original process.
- (b) The right of a defendant to be heard at the hearing to show cause is waived if the defendant, after being served as provided by law with an order to show cause, engages in conduct that clearly shows that the defendant has relinquished the right to

Page 11 of 14

be heard on that order. A defendant's failure to file defenses by a motion or by a sworn or verified answer or to appear at the hearing duly scheduled on the order to show cause presumptively constitutes conduct that clearly shows that the defendant has relinquished the right to be heard.

- (c) If the court finds that a defendant has waived the right to be heard as provided in paragraph (b), the court may promptly enter an order requiring payment in the amount provided in paragraph (f) or an order to vacate.
- (d) If the court finds that the mortgagor has not waived the right to be heard on the order to show cause, the court shall, at the hearing on the order to show cause, consider the affidavits and other showings made by the parties appearing and make a determination of the probable validity of the underlying claim alleged against the mortgagor and the mortgagor's defenses. If the court determines that the plaintiff is likely to prevail in the foreclosure action, the court shall enter an order requiring the mortgagor to make the payment described in paragraph (e) to the plaintiff and provide for a remedy as described in paragraph (f). However, the order shall be stayed pending final adjudication of the claims of the parties if the mortgagor files with the court a

Page 12 of 14

written undertaking executed by a surety approved by the court in an amount equal to the unpaid balance of the lien being foreclosed, including all principal, interest, unpaid taxes, and insurance premiums paid by the plaintiff.

- (e) If the court enters an order requiring the mortgagor to make payments to the plaintiff, payments shall be payable at such intervals and in such amounts provided for in the mortgage instrument before acceleration or maturity. The obligation to make payments pursuant to any order entered under this subsection shall commence from the date of the motion filed under this section. The order shall be served upon the person ordered to make payments no later than 20 days before the date specified for the first payment. The order may permit, but may not require, the plaintiff to take all appropriate steps to secure the premises during the pendency of the foreclosure action.
- (f) If the court enters an order requiring payments, the order shall also provide that the plaintiff is entitled to possession of the premises upon the failure of the mortgagor to make the payment required in the order unless at the hearing on the order to show cause the court finds good cause to order some other method of enforcement of its order.

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- (g) All amounts paid pursuant to this section shall be credited against the mortgage obligation in accordance with the terms of the loan documents; however, payments made under this section do not constitute a cure of any default or a waiver or any other defense to the mortgage foreclosure action.
- (h) Upon the filing of an affidavit with the clerk that the premises have not been vacated pursuant to the court order, the clerk shall issue to the sheriff a writ for possession which shall be governed by s. 83.62.
- (i) This subsection does not apply to foreclosure of an owner-occupied residence. For purposes of this paragraph, there is a rebuttable presumption that a residential property for which a homestead exemption for taxation was granted according to the certified rolls of the latest assessment by the county property appraiser, before the filing of the foreclosure action, is an owner-occupied residential property.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming law.

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REAL PROPERTY, PROBATE & TRUST LAW SECTION OF THE FLORIDA BAR

WHITE PAPER

PROPOSAL TO EXPAND APPLICABILITY OF § 697.07 AND § 702.10 TO THIRD PARTIES WHO ACQUIRE PROPERTIES SUBJECT TO A MORTGAGE

I. SUMMARY

Florida Statute §697.07 was enacted in 1987 to provide that a borrower's assignment of rents as collateral for a loan becomes effective upon default of the borrower. §702.10 was enacted in 1993 and provides that the court may order the borrower to make payments during the pendency of the foreclosure for non-owner occupied properties. Both statutes have been amended several times, but each statute has been held by various courts to be unenforceable against third parties who acquire such properties without assuming the obligations under an existing mortgage loan.

It is typical for borrowers who are not paying their mortgages to also default in payment of their homeowners' association or condominium association assessments, resulting in a foreclosure by the association. Some delinquent borrowers also file bankruptcy, resulting in a sale of the property by the bankruptcy trustee. Investors may buy such properties from the association's foreclosure sale or the bankruptcy trustee for "pennies on the dollar", subject to the delinquent mortgage loan. However, many of those investors have no intention of paying off the superior mortgage, and vigorously fight the foreclosure for the sole purpose of delaying the transfer of title, in order to maximize any rental income that may be received during the foreclosure. Meanwhile, unpaid interest continues to accrue on the debt, and lenders continue to advance money to pay taxes and insurance for the property, but receive no payments from the new property owner to offset those expenditures.

The proposal would expand a foreclosing lender's ability to obtain rental income derived from the mortgaged property during the foreclosure action from third parties who acquire the property but don't assume the mortgage. It would also provide a limited exception for community associations that own units in their communities by reason of their own lien foreclosure actions and rent them out but do not oppose the mortgage foreclosure action. There is also a carve-out for associations that are collecting rents pursuant to the statutes governing associations. The change is necessary to avoid the intentional delays caused by third parties using the judicial system as part of their business model to increase profits. The legislation does not have a fiscal impact on state funds.

II. CURRENT SITUATION

Since the financial crisis, investors have been purchasing condo and HOA properties at the associations' foreclosure sales for just a few thousand dollars, renting out the units, and opposing the mortgage foreclosure actions to prolong the lucrative flow of rental income. Since the investor is not a party to the mortgage, it has no obligation to make the monthly mortgage payments and almost never does. In some cases, community associations have pursued a similar course, including opposing the mortgage foreclosure.

Remedies for the foreclosing lender are found in section 697.07 and section 702.10. These sections provide foreclosing mortgagees the ability in some cases to obtain the income derived from rental of the mortgaged properties. However, language in both sections restricts the lenders' ability to do so where the property owner is a third-party investor, not the original mortgagor.

Appellate decisions such as <u>Green Emerald Homes, LLC v. Residential Credit Opportunities Trust</u>, 256 So.3d 211 (Fla. 2d DCA 2018) and <u>Green Emerald Homes, LLC v. 21st Century Mtg. Corp.</u>, 2019 WL 2398015 (Fla. 2d DCA 2019) have limited the ability of foreclosing lenders to utilize the existing statutes to address the inequitable conduct of third parties in the mortgage foreclosure action. This has enabled investors to continue to collect rental income and delay foreclosure cases for their own benefit with impunity. As the courts have made clear, the only way to address the inequitable conduct of investors using the court system as part of their business model to generate additional rental revenue is through a change to the applicable statutes.

III. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGE

The proposed changes serve to recognize the inequitable conduct of investors using the court system as part of their business model to maximize the amount of rental revenue they receive of a property. The draft proposal expands the application of Section 697.07 and 702.10 to cover all instances where the mortgaged property is acquired by any person or entity that is not the mortgagor, with a limited exception for community associations. This will allow foreclosing lenders and the trial courts to address the intentional efforts of third parties to delay mortgage foreclosure actions so that they can receive additional rental income.

Community associations that take title through a lien foreclosure or a deed in lieu of foreclosure, would be able to rent the property and keep the rents as long as they apply the rents to the assessments that are due. This limited exception recognizes the unique nature of community association foreclosure actions and that such associations are not set up to own property within its community. The limited exception allows for those instances where the community association does take title to rent the property and apply the rental income to the delinquent balance owed to the community association so that the common expenses of the community association, such as taxes and insurance and maintenance, are fully funded.

The draft proposal also expands the court's authority under Section 697.07(4)(a)-(c). Presently, this section permits a court, pending final adjudication, to require the payment of rent into the court registry or other appropriate depository. However, the court may, in its discretion, authorize use

of collected rents, before deposit, to pay taxes, insurance, escrow sums required by the mortgagee or separate assignment of rents instrument and make payments to the mortgagee. As amended, in addition to the foregoing items, the court may also consider authorizing the use of collected rents, before deposit, to reimburse community associations for regular periodic assessments coming due after the date of the order and through the final adjudication of the action.

IV. ANALYSIS

The following describes the changes being proposed:

- A. Section 697.07(2) is amended to clarify that the statute is enforceable against the mortgagor and all third parties who may have acquired title to the property. The definition of "mortgagor" is added to include such parties. The definition of "mortgagee" is added to clarify that the assignment of rents is enforceable by any party entitled to enforce the mortgage. There is a large body of case law on who is entitled to enforce a mortgage under Section 673.3011 and related statutes.
- B. Section 697.07(3) provides that that the statutory lien created by the assignment of rents is enforceable against the mortgagor, as now defined in subsection (2).
- C. Section 697.07(4) is amended to provide that a court has discretion to order the mortgagor or third party to deposit rental revenue into the court registry pending the resolution of the foreclosure, and also allows for the payment of regular assessments to a community association that come due after the court's order to be paid out of the rental revenue.
- D. Section 697.07(9) is created to exempt community associations from the provisions of Section 697.07, provided the community association holds title to the property that is the subject of the foreclosure action and applies the rents towards the assessments that are then due, or is collecting rent pursuant to the provisions of Section 718.116(11), Section 719.108(10) or Section 720.3085(8).
- E. Section 702.10(2) is amended to specify this subsection applies to the mortgagor and subsequent owners by adding a definition of "mortgagor", and that this subsection does not apply to a community association provided it holds title and any rents collected are applied to assessments that are then due.

V. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The proposal does not have a direct fiscal impact on local governments. There may be a potential impact on the judicial system as mortgage foreclosure cases move quicker due to the disincentive for investors to delay the mortgage foreclosure to increase the amount of rental revenue received. The proposal will also allow for the judiciary to focus its resources on contested foreclosure actions that involve homestead properties as third parties will be less likely to litigate foreclosure actions due to the inability to receive rental income during the pendency of the foreclosure.

VI. DIRECT IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR

This proposal will likely reduce the bidding at community association foreclosures since third parties will no longer be able to rent the property and collect the rental revenue without having to worry about the foreclosing lender obtaining the funds. This will likely increase the amount of properties that community associations acquire in their foreclosure actions. The carve-out for associations to keep rental income from units they own through foreclosure balances the anticipated chilling effect on association foreclosure sales. This proposal will also allow for properties that are in foreclosure to be moved quickly through the system and returned to the market faster by reducing the frivolous and unmeritorious filings by third parties that are filed for the primary purpose of delaying the mortgage foreclosure action for the sole purpose of generating additional rental revenue.

VII. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES

There are no constitutional issues.

VIII. OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES

The Condominium and Planned Development Committee, the Real Property Litigation Committee, the Florida Banker's Association and the Florida judiciary.



651 East Jefferson Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-2300

Joshua E. Doyle Executive Director (850) 561-5600 www.FLORIDABAR.org

SECTION LEGISLATIVE OR POLITICAL ACTIVITY REQUEST FORM

- This form is for <u>committees</u>, <u>divisions and sections</u> to seek approval for section legislative or political activities.
- Requests for legislative and political activity must be made on this form.
- Political activity is defined in SBP 9.11(c) as "activity by The Florida Bar or a bar group including, but not limited to, filing a comment in a federal administrative law case, taking a position on an action by an elected or appointed governmental official, appearing before a government entity, submitting comments to a regulatory entity on a regulatory matter, or any type of public commentary on an issue of significant public interest or debate."
- Voluntary bar groups must advise TFB of proposed legislative or political activity and must identify all groups the proposal has been submitted to; if comments have been received, they should be attached. SBP 9.50(d).
 - o The Legislation Committee and Board will review the proposal unless an expedited decision is required.
 - o If expedited review is requested, the Executive Committee may review the proposal.
 - The Bar President, President-Elect, and chair of the Legislation Committee may review the proposal if the legislature is in session or the Executive Committee cannot act because of an emergency.

General Information	(RPPTL Approval Date
Submitted by: (list name of section, division, committee, TFB group	o, or individual name)
Condominium & Planned Development Committee, RPPTL	
Address: (address and phone #) 12140 Carissa Commerce Cour	rt, Suite 200, Ft. Myers, FL 33966
(239)-433-7707	
Position Level: (TFB section / division / committee) Committee	

651 East Jefferson Street • Tallahassee, FL 32399-2300 • FAX: (850) 561-9405

Rev. 08/17/2020

THE FLORIDA BAR

Proposed Advocacy

Complete Section 1 below if the issue is legislative, 2 if the issue is political. Section 3 must be completed.

1.	Proposed wording of Legislauve Position for Official Publication			
Supp	ort legislation amending Section 718.113 and Section 718.115 to clarify and enhance the			
	ty of condominium associations and condominium unit owners to use hurricane shutters			
and o	other types of hurricane protection to protect condominium property, association property the personal property of unit owners, and to reduce insurance costs for condominium			
asso	ciations and unit owners.			
2.	Political Proposal			
3.	3. Reasons For Proposed Advocacy			
;	a. Is the proposal consistent with <u>Keller v. State Bar of California</u> , 496 US 1 (1990), and <u>The Florida Bar v. Schwarz</u> , 552 So. 2d 1094 (Fla. 1989)? Yes			
1	b. Which goal or objective of the <u>Bar's strategic plan</u> is advanced by the proposal? Enhance the legal profession and the public's trust and confidence in attorneys & the justice system; Enhance and improve the value of Florida Bar membership			
	c. Does the proposal relate to: (check all that apply)			
	Regulation and discipline of attorneys Improvement of the functioning of the courts, judicial efficacy, and efficiency Increasing the availability of legal services to the public Regulation of lawyer client trust accounts X Education, ethics, competency, integrity and regulation of the legal profession			
	d. Additional Information:			

THE FLORIDA BAR

Referrals to Other Committees, Divisions & Sections

The section must provide copies of its proposed legislative or political action to all bar divisions, sections, and committees that may be interested in the issue. SBP 9.50(d). List all divisions, sections, and committees to which the proposal has been provided pursuant to this requirement. Please include with your submission any comments received. The section may submit its proposal before receiving comments but only after the proposal has been provided to the bar divisions, sections, or committees. Please feel free to use this form for circulation among the other sections, divisions and committees. Business Law Section of The Florida Bar Public Interest Law Section of The Florida Bar Contacts **Board & Legislation Committee Appearance** (list name, address and phone #) Cary Wright, Legislative Co-Chair of the RPPTL Section, 4221 West Boy Scout Boulevard, Suite 1000, Tampa, FL 33607, (813)-229-4135 Appearances before Legislators (list name and phone # of those having direct contact before *House/Senate committees)* Peter M. Dunbar & Martha Edenfield, Dean, Mead & Dunbar, P.A., 215 South Monroe Street, _Suite 815, Tallahassee, FL 32301, (850)-999-4100 **Meetings with Legislators/staff** (list name and phone # of those having direct contact with legislators) Peter M. Dunbar & Martha Edenfield, Dean, Mead & Dunbar, P.A., 215 South Monroe Street, Suite 815, Tallahassee, FL 32301, (850)-999-4100

Submit this form and attachments to the OGC, jhooks@floridabar.org, (850) 561-5662.

651 East Jefferson Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-2300

Joshua E. Doyle Executive Director

To:

850/561-5600 www.FLORIDABAR.org

	•
	Section/Division/Committee
From:	Condo. & Planned Development Committee

Re: Proposed Legislative Position re: Condominium Hurricane Protection

Leadership of the Business Law Section

As you are aware, Standing Board Policy 9.50(d) requires voluntary bar groups to contact all divisions, sections and committees that might be interested in proposed legislative or political activity. The policy also requires sections to identify all groups to which proposals have been submitted for comment and to include comments when submitting the proposal.

We thought your section might be interested in the above issue and have attached a copy of our proposal for your review and comment. Our proposal is in support of :

Legislation amending Sects. 718.113; 718.115 regarding hurricane protection

Thanks for your consideration of this request. Please let us know if your section will provide comments.

651 East Jefferson Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-2300

Joshua E. Doyle Executive Director 850/561-5600 www.FLORIDABAR.org

To:	Leadership of the	Public Interest Law Section

Section/Division/Committee

From: Condo. & Planned Development Committee

Re: Proposed Legislative Position re: Condominium Hurricane Protection

As you are aware, Standing Board Policy 9.50(d) requires voluntary bar groups to contact all divisions, sections and committees that might be interested in proposed legislative or political activity. The policy also requires sections to identify all groups to which proposals have been submitted for comment and to include comments when submitting the proposal.

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Legislation amending Sects. 718.113; 718.115 regarding hurricane protection

Thanks for your consideration of this request. Please let us know if your section will provide comments.

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                          A bill to be entitled
 2
         An act relating to _ ; providing an effective date.
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    Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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    Section 1. Section 718.104(4)(p) is amended to add as follows:
 7
    718.104 Creation of condominiums; contents of declaration.—Every
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    condominium created in this state shall be created pursuant to this
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    chapter.-
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     (4) The declaration must contain or provide for the following
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    matters:
    (p) For residential and mixed-use condominiums, whether the unit
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    owner or the association is responsible for the maintenance,
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    repair, or replacement of any exterior windows, doors, glass
    apertures, code-compliant hurricane shutters or other code-
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    compliant hurricane protection that is installed on a building in
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    the condominium.
    Section 2. Section 718.113(5) is amended to read as follows:
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    718.113 Maintenance; limitation upon improvement; display of flag;
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    hurricane shutters and protection; display of religious
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    decorations.-
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Page 1 of 10

(5) In order to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the
people of the State of Florida and to ensure uniformity and
consistency in the hurricane protection installed by condominium
associations and unit owners, this subsection applies to every
residential and mixed-use condominium in the state, regardless of
the date of its declaration of condominium. For the purposes of
this subsection and s. 718.115, hurricane protection shall mean
hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or
doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection.
Each board of administration of a residential or mixed-use
condominium shall adopt hurricane shutter protection
specifications for each building within each condominium operated
by the association which $\frac{\text{shall}}{\text{shall}}$ $\frac{\text{may}}{\text{may}}$ include color, style, and
other factors deemed relevant by the board. All specifications
adopted by the board must comply with the applicable building
code. The installation, maintenance, repair, replacement, and
operation of hurricane protection in accordance with this
subsection is not a material alteration to the common elements or
association property within the meaning of this section.
(a) The board may, subject to s. 718.3026 and the approval of a

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majority of voting interests of the residential or mixed-use condominium, install or require that unit owners install hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or of code-compliant hurricane protection that comply complies with or exceeds the applicable building code. A vote of the owners to require the installation of hurricane protection under this paragraph shall be set forth in a certificate attesting to such vote and the date the hurricane protection must be installed by unit owners, as applicable, and recorded in the public records of the county where the condominium is located. The certificate shall include the recording data identifying the declaration and shall be executed in the form required for the execution of a deed. Upon recording the certificate it must be mailed to the unit owners or electronically transmitted to the unit owners who have consented to receive electronic notice. The failure to record or send the certificate to unit owners in accordance with this paragraph does not affect the validity or enforceability of the vote of the unit owners. However, a A vote of the owners under this paragraph is not required if the maintenance, repair, and replacement of the

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hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection or any exterior window, door or other aperture to be protected by the hurricane protection is are the responsibility of the association pursuant to the declaration of condominium as originally recorded, or amendments to the declaration adopted pursuant to the provisions contained therein or if unit owners are required to install hurricane protection pursuant to the declaration of condominium as originally recorded, or amendments to the declaration adopted pursuant to the provisions contained therein. If hurricane protection or laminated glass or window film architecturally designed to function as hurricane protection that complies with or exceeds the current applicable building code has been previously installed, the board may not install hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant the same type of hurricane protection or require that unit owners install the same type of hurricane protection unless the installed hurricane protection has reached the end of its useful life or as necessary to prevent damage to the common elements or to a unit.

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(b) The association is responsible for the maintenance,
repair, and replacement of the hurricane shutters, impact glass,
<pre>code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant</pre>
hurricane protection authorized by this subsection if such
property is the responsibility of the association pursuant to the
declaration of condominium. If the hurricane shutters, impact
glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-
compliant hurricane protection are the responsibility of the unit
owners pursuant to the declaration of condominium, the
maintenance, repair, and replacement of such items are the
responsibility of the unit owner.
(c) (b) The board may operate shutters, impact glass, code-
compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant
hurricane protection installed pursuant to this subsection
without permission of the unit owners only if such operation is
necessary to preserve and protect the condominium property $\frac{and}{or}$
association property. The installation, replacement, operation,
repair, and maintenance of such shutters, impact glass, code-
compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant
hurricane protection in accordance with the procedures set forth

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102	in this paragraph are not a material alteration to the common
103	elements or association property within the meaning of this
104	section.
105	$\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(c)}}$ Notwithstanding any other provision in the residential $\underline{\text{or}}$
106	<pre>mixed-use condominium documents, if approval is required by the</pre>
107	documents, a board may not refuse to approve the installation $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial \mathbf{r}}$
108	replacement of hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant
109	windows or doors, or other any types of code-compliant hurricane
110	protection by a unit owner conforming to the specifications
111	adopted by the board, but may require the unit owner to adhere to
112	any existing unified building scheme regarding external
113	appearance.
114	(d) Unit owners may be responsible for the cost of any removal or
115	reinstallation of hurricane protection where an owner of the unit
116	installed the hurricane protection and the removal is necessary
117	for the maintenance, repair or replacement of the condominium
118	property for which the association is responsible. The board
119	shall determine whether removal or reinstallation shall be
120	performed by the unit owner or the association. If performed by
121	the association, the cost may be charged to the unit owner and may

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BILL ORIGINAL YEAR

122	be enforceable as an assessment and may be collected in the manner
123	provided for the collection of assessments pursuant to s. 718.116.
124	Section 3. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) is amended and restated
125	to read as follows:
126	718.115 Common expenses and common surplus.—
127	(e) The expense of installation, replacement, operation, repair,
128	and maintenance of hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant
129	windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane
130	protection by the board pursuant to s. 718.113(5) constitutes a
131	common expense and shall be collected as provided in this section
132	if the association is responsible for the maintenance, repair, and
133	replacement of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant
134	windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane
135	protection pursuant to the declaration of condominium. However, if
136	If the <u>installation</u> maintenance, repair, and replacement of the
137	hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors,
138	or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection is are the
139	responsibility of the unit owners pursuant to the declaration of
140	condominium, the cost of the installation of the hurricane
141	shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other

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BILL ORIGINAL YEAR

types of code-compliant hurricane protection or if the installation of hurricane protection is pursuant to a vote of the unit owners under s. 718.113(5), the cost of any installation by the association is not a common expense and shall be charged individually to the unit owners based on the cost of installation of the hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection appurtenant to the unit, and shall be enforceable as an assessment pursuant to s. 718.116 and the association may use its lien authority pursuant to s. 718.116 to enforce collection of the expense.

1. Notwithstanding s. 718.116(9), and regardless of whether or not the declaration requires the association or unit owners to install, maintain, repair, or replace hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection, the owner of a unit where owner who has previously installed hurricane shutters in accordance with s. 718.113(5) that comply with the current applicable building code shall receive a credit when the shutters are installed; a unit owner who has previously installed impact glass or code-compliant

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with the current code shall receive a credit when the impact glass or code-compliant windows or doors are installed; and a unit owner who has installed other types of code-compliant hurricane protection that comply complies with the current applicable building code has been installed shall either be excused from any assessment levied by the association or shall receive a credit when the same type of other code-compliant hurricane protection is installed by the association and the credit shall be equal to the pro rata portion of the assessed installation cost assigned to each unit. The credit shall be applicable if the installation is for all other units that do not have such hurricane protection and the expense is funded by the budget, including reserves. The credit shall be equal to the amount the unit would have been assessed had a code-compliant installation not been made at the expense of an owner of the unit. However, such unit owner remains responsible for the pro rata share of expenses for hurricane shutters, impact glass, code-compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant hurricane protection installed on common elements and association property by the board pursuant to s. 718.113(5) and remains responsible for a

Page 9 of 10

BILL	ORIGINAL	YEAF

182	pro rata share of the expense of the replacement, operation,
183	repair, and maintenance of such shutters, impact glass, code-
184	compliant windows or doors, or other types of code-compliant
185	hurricane protection, which shall be a common expense.
186	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.

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REAL PROPERTY, PROBATE & TRUST LAW SECTION OF THE FLORIDA BAR

WHITE PAPER

PROPOSAL TO CLARIFY AND EXPAND USAGE OF HURRICANE PROTECTION IN CONDOMINIUMS – REVISING § 718.104(4), 718.113(5) AND § 718.115(1)(E)

I. SUMMARY

The proposal would clarify the law governing the installation and maintenance of hurricane protection and expand the law to encourage the usage of hurricane protection, such as hurricane shutters and impact glass, in condominiums. It would allow for associations to adopt specific requirements for the adoption and installation of hurricane protection. The proposal also clarifies the maintenance obligations for the installation of hurricane protection and allows associations to operate the installed type of hurricane protection to protect the condominium property and units from damage due to a hurricane. The proposal also provides financial incentives to unit owners to install their own hurricane protection. These changes are necessary due to the increasing insurance costs in condominium associations for property, casualty and windstorm coverage since insurance increases will be mitigated by the installation of hurricane protection and that the damage caused by hurricanes to condominiums is minimized by the installation and utilization of hurricane protection, substantially lessening the impact of a hurricane to a condominium and its unit owners. The legislation does not have a fiscal impact on state funds.

II. CURRENT SITUATION

Hurricanes in Florida are an unfortunate fact of life. Beginning every June 1st, Floridians face the uncertain future of another Atlantic hurricane season. 40% of all hurricanes that make landfall on the eastern coast of the United States make landfall in Florida. Between 2000 and 2017, 79 subtropical and tropical systems have impacted Florida causing over 120 billion dollars in damage and killing almost 200 people. 11 tropical cyclones affected Florida in 2019. Currently, there have been 23 named tropical systems during the 2020 hurricane season. Of the 10 most costly hurricanes to impact the United States, 6 of those hurricanes have impacted Florida.

In response to the omnipresent threat of hurricanes, Florida has continually looked for ways to limit the impact of hurricanes on the State, both in terms of liming property damage and protecting the lives of Floridians. A substantial concern of the Florida Legislature has been the impacts of hurricanes on the cost of insurance and the affordability of housing. To combat the increasing costs of insurance in condominiums, the Florida Legislature has adopted Section 718.113(5) and Section 718.115(1)(e) to provide condominium associations with the ability to require the installation of types of hurricane protection that are building code compliant in effort to provide condominium associations and unit owners with a means to protect the condominium property and their condominium units.

However, despite providing a framework for how the installation and operation of hurricane protection should function in condominium associations, the current statutory framework creates confusion as how when hurricane protection can be required by a condominium

association, who is responsible for the maintenance of hurricane protection when it is installed and how the costs of hurricane protection should be allocated. This confusion has led to a lower adoption of hurricane protection measures in Florida condominiums and as a result, the vast majority of condominiums in Florida remain vulnerable to damage from a hurricane that could be limited or mitigated by the available types of hurricane protection.

Further compounding the potential impact of the suboptimal adoption of hurricane protection is the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic. The emergency services of Florida have been stretched thin responding to the COVID-19 pandemic, impacting the ability of all levels of emergency services in Florida to respond to the damage that would be caused by a hurricane making landfall. Without further clarification and expansion of how condominium associations and unit owners can utilize hurricane protection, the risk remains unnecessarily high that Florida's emergency services will be pushed to the limit upon a hurricane making landfall and causing substantial property damage and increased risk of loss of life.

III. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGE

The proposed changes serve to address the shortfalls in Sections 718.113(5) and 718.115(1)(e) that have limited a more widespread adoption of hurricane protection by expanding the ability of condominium associations to require the installation of hurricane protection, clarifying the process that condominium associations must follow to require the installation of hurricane protection, clarifying the maintenance obligations for hurricane protection that has been installed and addressing how the costs of the installation of hurricane protection are to be allocated. It also amends Section 718.104(4) to require that any residential or mixed-use condominium that is created in Florida specify whether the association to unit owner is responsible for maintenance, repair and replacement of exterior doors, windows, glass apertures any code-compliant hurricane protection.

The amendment to Section 718.104(4)(p) addresses a consistent shortfall in the declarations for residential and mixed-use condominiums, the party that is obligated to maintain exterior doors, windows, glass apertures and hurricane protection. Currently, many declarations do not adequately address whether the association or unit owner is obligated to maintain, repair and replace these items. This change ensures that as condominiums are created in Florida, the obligation for the maintenance, repair and replacement of exterior doors, windows, glass apertures and hurricane protection is clearly delineated.

Section 718.113(5) is amended to provide a definition for the term "hurricane protection", which includes shutters, impact glass, code compliant windows and doors and any other code compliant form of hurricane protection. The proposal also establishes that Section 718.115 applies to every residential and mixed-use condominium in Florida to ensure uniformity and consistency in the installation of hurricane protection and to protect the health, safety and welfare of the people of Florida. The installation, maintenance, repair, replacement and operation of hurricane protection is not a material alteration of the common elements or association property.

Section 718.113(5)(a) is amended to provide that a majority votes of the owner of a residential or mixed-use condominium is required for an association to install hurricane protection or require the unit owners to install hurricane protection. Many older condominiums struggle to obtain the vote

needed to install hurricane protection due to the threshold vote required under their declaration. The amendment lowers the voting threshold to allow all condominiums in Florida to have to install hurricane protection that will save lives and reduce the fiscal impact of damage caused by tropical systems.

The amendment to Section 718.113(5)(a) also provides for the recording of a notice in the public records to place parties on notice of the decision of an association to require hurricane protection. This ensures notice to parties such as prospective purchasers of units of the vote to install hurricane protection so the purchasers are on notice prior to closing. The amendment specifies what must be contained in the notice and that the failure to record the notice does not affect the validity of the vote to install hurricane protection. The amendment also clarifies that a vote of the owners is not required if hurricane protection or any exterior window, door or other glass aperture to be protected by the hurricane protection is the obligation of the association or unit owners are required to install hurricane protection pursuant to the declaration. The amendment further provides that if hurricane protection that meets the building code has been installed, the association cannot require the owner to install the same hurricane protection unless it has reached the end of its useful life or is necessary to prevent damage to the common elements or a unit.

Section 718.113(5)(b) was deleted as this Section was duplicative of other sections of Section 718.113(5). Section 718.113(5)(c) is renumbered to Section 718.113(5)(b) and is amended to clarify that associations have the right, but not the obligation, to operate hurricane protection without the permission of the unit owner when it is necessary to preserve and protect the condominium property or association property. The amendment ensures that if an association elects to operate any type of hurricane protection that has been installed on a unit or by a unit owner, that the association does not need the owner's consent since the operation is necessary to preserve and protect the condominium property and association property.

Section 718.113(5)(d) is renumbered to Section 718.113(5)(c) and is amended to clarify that associations may not prohibit an owner from installing code complaint hurricane protection, but may require the owner to follow an existing unified building scheme regarding external appearance. This allows for associations to adopt specifications regarding the installation of hurricane protection to ensure the uniform appearance of the exterior of the condominium building.

The proposal amends Section 718.113(5) to add Section 718.113(5)(d) to provide that unit owners may be responsible for the costs of removal and reinstallation of any hurricane protection where the association is required to remove the hurricane protection for maintenance, repair or replacement of condominium property for which the association is obligated to maintain. The board shall determine whether the removal or reinstallation shall be performed by the association or unit owner. The cost of removal and reinstallation is chargeable to the owner and may be enforced as an assessment. This change avoids associations from being delayed in the performance of necessary maintenance of the condominium property while waiting for the unit owner to remove their hurricane protection and ensures the prompt reinstallation of hurricane protection to ensure the amount of time a condominium unit is without hurricane protection is minimized.

Section 718.115(1)(e) is amended to provide that if hurricane protection is the obligation of the unit owners pursuant to the declaration or pursuant to a vote of the owners, then the cost of

installation by the association is not a common expense, but shall be charged to the owners based on the cost of installation. The cost of installation shall be enforceable against the unit owner as an assessment.

Section 718.115(1)(e) is further amended by the addition of subparagraph 1 to address expenses that are not common expenses. If an owner has already installed code compliant hurricane protection, then the owner shall either be excused from the assessment levied by the association to fund the installation of hurricane protection or shall receive credit equal to the amount the owner would have been charged for the installation. The credit shall only be applicable if the installation of hurricane protection is for all other units lacking code-compliant hurricane protection and the expense of the installation is funded by the budget, including the usage of reserve funds.

IV. ANALYSIS

The following describes the changes being proposed:

- 1. Section 718.104(4)(p) is created to require that any residential or mixed-use condominium created in Florida must specify in the declaration whether the association or the unit owner is responsible for the maintenance, repair and replacement of exterior doors, windows, glass apertures and code compliant hurricane protection.
- 2. Section 718.113(5) to provide for uniformity and consistency in the adoption of hurricane protection in residential and mixed-use condominiums in Florida. The Section defines the term "hurricane protection". The amendment further provides the installation, maintenance, repair, replacement and operation of hurricane protection is not a material alteration of the common elements or association property.
- 3. Section 718.113(5)(a) is amended to provide that a majority votes of the owner of a residential or mixed-use condominium is required for an association to install hurricane protection or require the unit owners to install hurricane protection. The amendment also provides for the recording of a notice in the public records to place parties on notice of the decision of an association to require hurricane protection. The amendment clarifies that a vote of the owners is not required if hurricane protection or any exterior window, door or other glass aperture to be protected by the hurricane protection is the obligation of the association or unit owners are required to install hurricane protection pursuant to the declaration. The amendment further provides that if hurricane protection that meets the building code has been installed, the association cannot require the owner to install the same hurricane protection unless it has reached the end of its useful life or is necessary to prevent damage.
- 4. Section 718.113(5)(b) is deleted as being duplicative of other sections in 718.113(5).
- 5. Section 718.113(5)(c) is renumbered to Section 718.113(5)(b) and is amended to clarify that associations have the right, but not the obligation, to operate hurricane protection without the permission of the unit owner when it is necessary to preserve and protect the condominium property or association property.

- 6. Section 718.113(5)(d) is renumbered to Section 718.113(5)(c) and is amended to clarify that associations may not prohibit an owner from installing code complaint hurricane protection, but may require the owner to follow an existing unified building scheme regarding external appearance.
- 7. Section 718.113(5)(d) is added to provide that unit owners may be responsible for the costs of removal and reinstallation of any hurricane protection where the association is required to remove the hurricane protection for maintenance, repair or replacement of condominium property for which the association is obligated to maintain. The board shall determine whether the removal or reinstallation shall be done by the association or unit owner. The cost of removal and reinstallation is chargeable to the owner and may be enforced as an assessment.
- 8. Section 718.115(1)(e) is amended to provide that if hurricane protection is the obligation of the unit owners pursuant to the declaration or pursuant to a vote of the owners, then the cost of installation by the association is not a common expense, but shall be charged to the owners based on the cost of installation. The cost shall be enforceable against the unit owner as an assessment.
- 9. Section 718.115(1)(e) is amended to create subparagraph 1 to address expenses that are not common expenses of an association. If an owner has already installed code compliant hurricane protection, then the owner shall receive credit equal to the amount the owner would have been charged for the installation. The credit shall only be applicable if the installation of hurricane protection is for all other units lacking hurricane protection and the expense of the installation is funded by the budget, including the usage of reserve funds.

V. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The proposal does not have a direct fiscal impact on local governments. The proposal may have an indirect impact on state and local governments by limiting the resources state and local governments have to utilize to address property damage to condominiums as the result of a tropical or subtropical cyclone impacting the State.

VI. DIRECT IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR

The proposal may reduce the costs of property, casualty and windstorm insurance for condominium associations and unit owners due to requirements for the utilization of certain types of hurricane protection. There are no other fiscal impacts on the private sector.

VII. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES

Impairment of contract- To the extent that a court may find that a covenant or restriction may be considered a contract between the parties, the changes made by this bill may affect such current contract rights and obligations. Article I, s. 10 of the United States Constitution, and art. I, s. 10 of the Florida Constitution both prohibit the Legislature from enacting any law impairing the obligation of contracts. Although written in terms of an absolute prohibition, the courts have long interpreted the constitutional provisions to prohibit enactment of any unreasonable impairment of contractual rights existing at the time that the law is enacted. The Florida Supreme Court in *Pomponio v. Claridge of Pompano Condominium, Inc.* set forth the following test:

☐ Was the law enacted to deal with a broad, generalized economic or social problem?
□ Does the law operate in an area which was already subject to state regulation at the time the parties' contractual obligations were originally undertaken, or does it invade an area never before subject to regulation by the state?
□ Does the law effect a temporary alteration of the contractual relationships of those within its coverage, or does it work a severe, permanent, and immediate change in those relationships irrevocably and retroactively?
ANN AMARIA AMARA BARANA PARANA

VIII. OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES

Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation, The Business Law Section of The Florida Bar, the Public Interest Law Section of The Florida Bar, Cyber Citizens for Justice, the Community Associations Institute, Florida Insurance Council, American Property Casualty Insurance Association and the Florida Property & Casualty Association.



651 East Jefferson Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-2300

Joshua E. Doyle Executive Director (850) 561-5600 www.FLORIDABAR.org

SECTION LEGISLATIVE OR POLITICAL ACTIVITY REQUEST FORM

- This form is for <u>committees</u>, <u>divisions and sections</u> to seek approval for section legislative or political activities.
- Requests for legislative and political activity must be made on this form.
- Political activity is defined in SBP 9.11(c) as "activity by The Florida Bar or a bar group
 including, but not limited to, filing a comment in a federal administrative law case, taking a
 position on an action by an elected or appointed governmental official, appearing before a
 government entity, submitting comments to a regulatory entity on a regulatory matter, or any
 type of public commentary on an issue of significant public interest or debate."
- Voluntary bar groups must advise TFB of proposed legislative or political activity and must identify all groups the proposal has been submitted to; if comments have been received, they should be attached. SBP 9.50(d).
 - The Legislation Committee and Board will review the proposal unless an expedited decision is required.
 - o If expedited review is requested, the Executive Committee may review the proposal.
 - The Bar President, President-Elect, and chair of the Legislation Committee may review the proposal if the legislature is in session or the Executive Committee cannot act because of an emergency.

General Information

Submitted by: (list name of section, division, committee, TFB group, or individual name)

Probate Law & Procedure Committee of the Real Property, Probate and Trust Law Section

Address: (address and phone #) c/o M. Travis Hayes, (239) 514-1000, 5551 Ridgewood Drive, Suite 501, Naples, FL 34108

Position Level: (TFB section / division / committee) RPPTL Section, Probate Law & Procedure Committee

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Rev. 08/17/2020

THE FLORIDA BAR

Proposed Advocacy

Complete Section 1 below if the issue is legislative, 2 if the issue is political. Section 3 must be completed.

1. Proposed Wording of Legislative Position for Official Publication

Proposed amendments to section 733.705(5) (Payment of and objection to claims) to codify existing case law such that the requirement to bring an independent action is satisfied if, within 30 days of the filing of an objection to the claim: a motion to substitute the fiduciary is filed in the pending action; an order substituting the fiduciary is entered in the pending action; such other procedure as may exist is initiated to substitute the fiduciary in the pending action; or the timely filing of an arbitration is made when the decedent has entered into an agreement during lifetime which provides for mandatory arbitration relating to the claim, or arbitration is required by the decedent's will or trust.

2.	Po	litical Proposal				
3.	Reasons For Proposed Advocacy —					
	a.	Is the proposal consistent with <i>Keller v. State Bar of California</i> , 496 US 1 (1990), and <i>The Florida Bar v. Schwarz</i> , 552 So. 2d 1094 (Fla. 1989)? Yes				
	b.	Which goal or objective of the Bar's strategic plan is advanced by the proposal? Objective II - Enhance the Legal Profession and the Public's Trust and Confidence in Attorneys and the Justice System				
	c. Does the proposal relate to: (check all that apply)					
		Regulation and discipline of attorneys X Improvement of the functioning of the courts, judicial efficacy, and efficiency Increasing the availability of legal services to the public Regulation of lawyer client trust accounts				
		X Education, ethics, competency, integrity and regulation of the legal profession				
	d.	Additional Information:				

THE FLORIDA BAR

Referrals to Other Committees, Divisions & Sections

The section must provide copies of its proposed legislative or political action to all bar divisions, sections, and committees that may be interested in the issue. SBP 9.50(d). List all divisions, sections, and committees to which the proposal has been provided pursuant to this requirement. Please include with your submission any comments received. The section may submit its proposal before receiving comments but only after the proposal has been provided to the bar divisions, sections, or committees. Please feel free to use this form for circulation among the other sections, divisions and committees.

Civil Procedure Rules Committee

Contacts

Board & Legislation Committee Appearance (list name, address and phone #)

John C. Moran, Legislative Co-Chair of the RPPTL Section Gunster Yoakley & Stewart, P.A. 777 South Flagler Drive, Ste 500 East West Palm Beach, FL 33401 T: (561) 650-0515

Appearances before Legislators (list name and phone # of those having direct contact before House/Senate committees)

Peter M. Dunbar and Martha J. Edenfield Dean, Mead & Dunbar, P.A. 215 South Monroe Street, Ste 815 Tallahassee, FL 32301 T: (850) 999-4100

Meetings with Legislators/staff (list name and phone # of those having direct contact with legislators)
Same

Submit this form and attachments to the OGC, jhooks@floridabar.org, (850) 561-5662.

REAL PROPERTY, PROBATE AND TRUST LAW SECTION OF THE FLORIDA BAR WHITE PAPER ON PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO F.S. SECTION 733.705(5)

(updated 5/14/2021)

I. SUMMARY

Section 733.705(5) of the Florida Probate Code provides that when an objection is served to a creditor's Statement of Claim, the creditor has 30 days within which to bring an independent action in furtherance of the claim. However, neither the statute nor the Probate Rules currently provides a mechanism for when there is already a pending action on the creditor's claim pending at the decedent's death.

By way of example, John Doe is sued for breach of contract in Circuit Civil court. John Doe dies during the pendency of the action. The plaintiff in the lawsuit files a statement of claim in John Doe's estate, and the personal representative of John Doe's estate serves and files an objection. Under such a circumstance, the creditor/plaintiff believes that the pending action is an "independent action" on the statement of claim, and indeed would be precluded from bringing a new, duplicative lawsuit.

Under the present Code and Rules, there is no clear mechanism by which the creditor can obtain confirmation that the pending lawsuit or legal proceeding shall be deemed the "independent action" such that it satisfies the creditor's requirement to bring an independent action within 30 days of an objection to a statement of claim.

A number of Florida cases seem to establish that a pending action against a decedent at the time of death is deemed an "independent action," under section 733.705(5), when a motion for substitution (or a voluntary substitution) of the Personal Representative or other fiduciary of the decedent's estate is filed in the pending lawsuit. *See, e.g., Lewsadder v. Estate of Lewsadder*, 755 So. 2d 1221 (Fla. 4th DCA 2000); *Shessel v. Estate of Calhoun*, 573 So. 2d 962 (Fla. 3d DCA 1991); *In re Estate of Brown*, 421 So. 2d 752 (Fla. 4th DCA 1982); *Cloer v. Shawver*, 177 So. 2d 691 (Fla. 1st DCA 1965).

These proposed changes intend to codify this existing procedure.

II. CURRENT STATUS OF FLORIDA LAW

When an objection is served to a creditor's Statement of Claim, the creditor has 30 days within which to bring an independent action in furtherance of the claim under section 733.705(5). However, neither the statute nor the Probate Rules currently provides a mechanism for establishing whether or how an action already pending at the time of death is or will become the contemplated "independent action." That said, a number of Florida cases seem to establish that a pending action against a decedent at the time of death is deemed an "independent action," under section 733.705(5), when a motion for substitution (or a voluntary substitution) of the Personal Representative or other fiduciary of the decedent's estate is filed in the pending lawsuit.

III. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES GENERALLY

The proposed legislation codifies existing case law such that the requirement to bring an independent action is satisfied if, within 30 days of the filing of an objection to the claim: a motion to substitute the fiduciary is filed in the pending action; an order substituting the fiduciary is entered in the pending action; such other procedure as may exist is initiated to substitute the fiduciary in the pending action; or the timely filing of an arbitration is made when the decedent has entered into an agreement during lifetime which provides for mandatory arbitration relating to the claim, or arbitration is required by the decedent's will or trust.

The proposed legislation would be effective upon becoming law.

IV. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

The proposal does not have a fiscal impact on state and local governments.

V. DIRECT IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR

The proposal does not have a direct economic impact on the private sector.

VI. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES

It is not anticipated that this legislation will raise constitutional issues.

VIII. OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES

The Florida Civil Procedure Rules Committee may have an interest in this proposal.

A bill to be entitled

An act relating the requirement to bring an independent action on a creditor claim in a probate proceeding; allowing a motion and order to substitute the fiduciary in a pending action; and establishing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

<u>Section 1</u>. Section 733.705(5), Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

733.705 Payment of and objection to claims.-

(5) The claimant is limited to a period of 30 days from the date of service of an objection within which to bring an independent action upon the claim, or a declaratory action to establish the validity and amount of an unmatured claim which is not yet due but which is certain to become due in the future, or a declaratory action to establish the validity of a contingent claim upon which no cause of action has accrued on the date of service of an objection and that may or may not become due in the future, unless an extension of this time is agreed to by the personal representative in writing before it expires.

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(a) For good cause, the court may extend the time for filing an action or proceeding after objection is filed. No action or proceeding on the claim may be brought against the personal representative after the time limited above, and the claim is barred without court order.

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(b) If an action or proceeding by the claimant is pending against the decedent at the time of the decedent's death, and a timely statement of claim based on the pending action or proceeding is filed by the claimant, the requirement to bring an independent action is satisfied if, within 30 days of the filing of an objection to the claim, (1) a motion to substitute the fiduciary is filed in the pending action; or (2) an order substituting the fiduciary is entered in the pending action; or (3) such other procedure as may exist is initiated to substitute the fiduciary in the pending action. The filing of a motion for substitution must also comply with any applicable rule of procedure requiring substitution within a certain time from the filing of a suggestion of death.

(c) If the decedent entered into an agreement during lifetime which provides for mandatory

arbitration relating to the claim, or arbitration is required by the decedent's will or trust, the timely filing of an arbitration satisfies the requirement for commencement of an independent action under this section. If the arbitration has already been commenced against the decedent at the time of the decedent's death, and a timely statement of the claim is filed by the claimant, the claimant's requirement for commencement of an independent action shall be satisfied by a motion for substitution of the personal representative or other fiduciary for the estate, the fiduciary's voluntary substitution in the arbitration, or compliance with such other procedure necessary to substitute the fiduciary of the estate in the proceeding as may be required, within 30 days of the filing of an objection to the claim. (d) If an objection is filed to the claim of any

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(d) If an objection is filed to the claim of any creditor claimant and the creditor claimant brings an action to establish the claim, a judgment establishing the claim shall give it no priority over claims of the same class to which it belongs.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2022.